The Massillon Independent.

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DEATH FROM CLOUDS

26 Killed and 44 Injured by Tornado That Wrecks Marquette, Kan.

IT SWOOPS DOWN AT MIDNIGHT

Sleeping Populace Aroused by Roar of Storm and Crash of Debris as Homes, Churches and Business Houses Are Demolished.

Marquette, Kan., May 10.—When darkness fell upon this stricken town last night it was known that 26 lives had been lost in the tornado that wrecked part of Marquette and did much damage in this vicinity and that 44 persons had been injured. Of the injured 35 were seriously hurt and some of them may die. During the day Carl Warnquist and Mrs. J. A. Carlson died of their injuries. Several of the others are suffering from broken limbs and internal injuries. The dead are Tillie Ellison, Mrs. A. V. Anderson, Mrs. Elmer Hustgren, Blanche Switzer, Lena Switzer, Nina Switzer, Anna Coulson, M. P. Nelson, wife and three children, A. Sjogren, Sr., Olaf Hanson and wife, Gottfried Nelson, wife and child, Elmer Nelson, Mrs. Postier and child, Nina Roberts, Carl Warnquist, Mrs. J. A. Carlson and Clyde Norris.

Last night order had practically been brought out of the chaotic condition that prevailed and a relief committee had begun dispensing aid. Among the relief sent from outside were 25 pupils from Bethany college, who acted as nurses.

Swooped Down at Midnight.

The tornado struck the southern end of the town and cut a clean swath 100 yards in width through its entire length. Coming as it did at midnight, the people were caught without a moment's warning. A heavy rain storm had preceded the wind and after the tornado passed a scene of complete desolation followed.

The tornado broke upon the town with great force, wrought its terrible havoc within a few minutes, and continuing on into the farming country north of Marquette, caused further damage. In Marquette many residences were demolished, the wreckage being carried away entirely, while others were picked up bodily, moved a short distance and dropped to earth.

Many of the victims were killed as they lay asleep; others, maimed and bleeding, awoke to find themselves buried in the wreckage of their homes. Following the storm came a lull. Soon cries of the injured and frightened people could be heard on every hand. Men with lanterns appeared here and there among the wreckage and as quickly as possible the work of rescue was begun. Progress was slow because of the darkness and it was some time before anything like a systematic effort could be made to remove the injured and before aid was asked of neighboring towns.

Marquette is a town of 1,500 people, in McPherson county. It is in the exact center of Kansas and in the richest farming country in the state.

Two Churches Demolished.

The tornado seems to have formed three miles south of Marquette and did not spend its force until it had had passed many miles north of the town. In Marquette the residence portion west of the main street suffered the principal damage. The Swedish Lutheran and Methodist churches were among the first buildings struck and they, together with the parsonage adjoining the Methodist church, were demolished.

The previous afternoon had been hot and oppressive. Late in the evening a terrific rain storm broke over the town. The rain continued to fall in torrents until midnight, when the tornado struck. Within less than five minutes it had wrought its terrible work and passed on. Telegraph and telephone wires were carried down and it was several hours before the outside world could be apprised of the disaster.

In one room in the Lutheran parsonage were six injured and in an adjoining room were five bodies of persons who had died from injuries after they had been brought in. In half a dozen other houses similar conditions were found. Dr. Lund, the Lutheran pastor, passed about among the suffering ministering to their comfort, while 30 or 40 other persons under his direction cared for the injured at other points.

Many Miraculous Escapes.

When the missing in Marquette had been thoroughly accounted for the searchers directed their attention to the surrounding country. Soon half a dozen wagonloads of dead and injured had been brought to town from the district adjoining Marquette on the south.

There were many narrow escapes from death. The infant daughter of Charles Sailen was lifted in her bed and carried to the middle of the street, receiving only a few scratches. Sailen and his wife were seriously injured.

The mattress upon which the baby daughter of the Rev. Mr. Smith lay was doubled up in such a manner as to cover the child and protect it from falling timbers. In spite of the destruction of the Smith house the entire family escaped uninjured.

Mr. and Mrs. O. S. Ellvin were carried on their bed a distance of 500 feet and laid down without being seriously injured.

BIG GUSHER AT BUTLER.

Poor Oil Driller Becomes Wealthy in Single Moment.

Butler, Pa., May 10.—The best producing oil well in America is spouting out petroleum at the rate of 2,400 barrels a day on the Dr. O. K. Waldron farm about one mile west of Butler. Coal Oil Johnny's sudden leap from poverty to wealth is repeated in the case of "Spotty" McBride—formerly a street vendor, today a rich man.

The gusher is half a mile west of Dr. Waldron's homestead on a tract formerly owned by the Ehmer heirs. It is an old gasser drilled down from the 100-foot to the fourth sand. Last Thursday Isaac McBride, familiarly known throughout the oil region as "Spotty," put the drill into the fourth sand.

Long experience told him something extra good was at the bottom of the hole and the well was quietly shut down and none but the owners knew of their good fortune. In the meantime they had gathered up a few of the most promising leases in the immediate vicinity.

When the well was drilled deeper into the sand it began flowing at the rate of 40 barrels an hour. A 250-barrel tank was soon filled and the well was then shut down. Another 250-barrel tank, which had been commenced, was hastily completed and the oil turned on again. Reports say this tank was filled in but little more than an hour. The well then settled down to 100 barrels an hour, according to the estimates of the most conservative and experienced oil men who visited it. Three two-inch pipes are pouring out the golden fluid, which is being wasted.

The owners are Isaac McBride, Peter F. McCool and William Hinchberger of Butler and Michael Finnegan of Pittsburg.

Every oil man in Butler is congratulating "Spotty" McBride, who for 20 years has been running fortune's gamut, sometimes well off, but mostly poor and in hard luck from dry holes, sickness, accidents, fires or business failures. Two years ago he was selling potato peelers in the street to support his family. The well is about a mile northeast of the Huse ton strike of last year and is in old territory.

TO AID CONDEMNED WOMAN.

Italian Government Will Try to Save Anna Valentina's Neck.

Trenton, N. J., May 10.—Judge Lanning in the United States district court has refused a writ of habeas corpus for Anna Valentina, who was to have been hanged at Hackensack on May 12 for the murder of Rosa Salza. An appeal to the United States supreme court was thereupon taken. The appeal will probably postpone the execution of Mrs. Valentina for some time.

New York, May 10.—Gustavo Tosti, acting consul general for Italy in New York, said he had received instructions from his government, both from Rome and Washington, to spend $100,000 if necessary in the defense of Anna Valentina. He declared that she had not been given a fair trial and that the treaty between Italy and the United States which guarantees to Italian subjects the same consideration as citizens of this country had been violated. Application will be made to the federal courts to review the case, Mr. Tosti said, and he will engage a prominent lawyer to defend the woman.

NAN DECLINES OFFER.

$45,000 for 30 Weeks in Vaudeville Does Not Tempt Her.

New York, May 10.—A lawyer was introduced to Nan Patterson in the Tombs by her counsel, Daniel O'Reilly.

"Miss Patterson," said the caller, "I have a client who stands ready to deposit $10,000 in cash as a guarantee to fulfill a 30-week contract to put you into vaudeville in a new sketch."

"No. It's hard to believe you," she said. "I am through with the stage. I've seen enough of it."

"Forty-five thousand dollars is a lot of money," suggested the lawyer for the theatrical firm.

"Not enough to buy what I want," she answered. "I want to go home and see my mother. I'm not going to sign any contracts."

She Wants to Wear Trousers.

Columbus, O., May 10.—At Governor Herrick's office a letter has been received from "Miss L. Neal" of Bedford, O., who wants permission to don men's wearing apparel. The woman says she works on a farm and that skirts interfere with her usefulness. She wants to know if the governor cannot give her permission to wear trousers.

Girl's Celluloid Comb Explodes.

Marion, O., May 10.—Miss Benie Blake narrowly escaped death at her home here as a result of a celluloid comb exploding in her hair while she was sleeping on a couch. She lay with her head near a gas fire, causing the comb to become heated.

Killed a Little Girl.

Charleston, W. Va., May 10.—Catherine Campbell, 9 years old, was run over and killed by an automobile driven by Dr. J. F. Butts, a prominent dentist.

OHIO STUDENT SHOT

Dead Body of Arthur Haserot Found in Dormitory at Yale University.

BULLET HOLE IN RIGHT TEMPLE

Circumstances Point to Suicide—Parents at Cleveland Notified of Son's Sad End—No Motive for Self-Murder Is Known.

New Haven, Conn., May 10.—Arthur Haserot, a Yale senior, living in Cleveland, O., was found shot to death in his room in Welch hall, one of the campus dormitories, and an investigation into the case is being conducted. Medical Examiner Bartlett stated last night that he believed death was the result of suicide.

Haserot's body was found by one of his roommates and after it was viewed by the medical examiner was removed to an undertaker's. The case is being kept very quiet and further than the fact that the young man was found dead nothing official has been given out. A revolver was found near Haserot's side and there was a bullet wound in his head.

The body of the student was found on the floor of the foot of a window seat and it is believed that he shot himself while on the window seat and that he fell to the floor. There was but one empty shell in the revolver. The bullet entered Haserot's right temple, probably producing instant death.

The manner in which Haserot was shot was a most conclusive proof that he committed suicide and Medical Examiner Bartlett stated that there would be no further investigation, as he was convinced that the student met death by his own hand.

Cleveland, May 10.—Arthur Haserot was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel F. Haserot of Cleveland. The father is a member of the wholesale grocery house of the Haserot company. The deceased was 21 years old and was born in Cleve and. He was in his last year in the academic course at Yale. He expected to be graduated next month and was making preparations for that event.

FEASTING ON MUSHROOMS.

People of Wooster, O., Are Enjoying an Unusual Treat.

Wooster, O., May 10.—The warm rains of the last few days in this section have been productive of the greatest crop of mushrooms ever known. Ordinarily a person who goes out with a peck basket and returns with his basket filled is considered lucky. During the last 48 hours it has been nothing at all for one person to go out and return with all the baskets he could carry filled. George Donnelly, John Bowers, Fred Mingo and Walter Schuch returned with eight bushels, making an early start and using a lantern for an hour or two. A number of others came back with buggies and small wagons filled.

The mushrooms are of unusual size and very fat. The plant ordinarily is a great delicacy, and while not a rarity, is scarce enough to make them pretty expensive when served at the restaurants, but at the present time are so plentiful that a number of saloonkeepers have recently served them as a free lunch.

NORRIS GOES FREE.

Detective Escapes Punishment on Charge of Blackmail.

Columbus, O., May 10.—The supreme court has affirmed the judgment of the circuit court of Clark county in the case of the state of Ohio against John T. Norris, the widely known detective, who was convicted in the common pleas court of Clark county of blackmail and sentenced to state prison.

The circuit court reversed the judgment on the ground that the indictment did not specifically charge that he had accused the saloonkeeper, who was the prosecuting witness, of selling liquors illegally to a minor. The point made was that intoxicating liquors might be sold to a minor legally, for instance, upon the prescription of a physician. The supreme court seems to sustain this view of it.

FIND GOLD BY MACHINE.

Lucky Ones Want Police Guard While They Dig It Up.

Toledo, O., May 10.—Mayor Finch has been asked for police protection by two men who say they have located $37,000 in gold on the shore of Maumee bay and expect to dig it up today. They told the mayor that they feared they might be robbed of the money.

The presence of the gold, according to the story told the mayor, was discovered by a "gold detector," a new machine which one of the men has perfected. The men said the money was buried by a man, who afterward became blind, and could not find the spot where he buried the treasure.

February Weather in Minnesota.

St. Cloud, Minn., May 10.—A snow and sleet storm is raging here, accompanied by a gale of wind. The weather is similar to that of a stormy February day.

EQUITABLE SWINDLED.

Arrest of Suspect at Stroudsburg, Pa., Is Denouement.

Stroudsburg, Pa., May 10.—William Daly has been arrested here and placed in the county jail charged with grand larceny. Daly, it is alleged, stole $27,000 from an insurance company. A letter from Robert H. Elder, assistant district attorney of Kings county, New York, received by Sheriff Evans of this county, led to the arrest.

New York, May 10.—The man who was arrested in Stroudsburg, Pa., under the name of William Daly is charged with the larceny of $27,000 from the Equitable Life Assurance society in this city by the use of a forged signature of a holder of a $50,000 policy and by conspiracy with an employe of the Equitable society. Daly's name is said by detectives to be Samuel Lobley, but he is alleged to have operated under the aliases of Edwards, Robert C. Henderson and Father Smith.

In a statement issued by officials of the Equitable society it was explained that William C. Cotton of Brookline, Mass., is the owner of a $50,000 policy in the Equitable society. In March, 1904, he borrowed $27,000 on it, depositing it with the society as a security for the loan. A few months later the officials say, the policy was stolen from the vaults of the society by a trusted employe working in conjunction with Lobley, the books of the society containing a record of the previous loan were altered and Cotton's name was forged to an application for a loan of $27,000. The second loan was made, it is declared, to Lobley.

Last January, the officials say, the operation was repeated in part and a third loan would have been made if the paying teller of a bank had not held up on the Equitable society's check, suspecting that something was wrong and insisting upon identification. Lobley, alleged to have been the holder of the check, disappeared. He was found by detectives living in a small hotel at Spragueville, Pa., near Stroudsburg.

The name of his alleged confederate in the employ of the Equitable society has not been made public. Detectives will go to Pennsylvania after Lobley as soon as extradition papers are prepared.

REMODELING OLD UNION.

Amalgamated Convention Considering Radical Changes in Organization.

Detroit, May 10.—The annual convention of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers adopted the wage committee's recommendation for the restoration of the muck and puddle mill scale of 1903-4. The wage committee made a similar recommendation in regard to the boiler scale. There is every indication that this scale of 1903-4 will also be adopted by the convention today.

The committee on good of the order has been considering various plans of reorganization. The favored plan provides for five additional salaried officers. These officers will be vice presidents to take the place of the present 10 vice presidents whose offices are honorary, the only remuneration at present being actual expenses. It is proposed to elect a vice president for the eastern district lying beyond the Alleghany mountains and to select the other four vice presidents respectively from the boilers, the finishers, the sheet mill men and the tin mill men.

WIRE KILLS TRAINMEN.

Throws Him from Moving Cars, Crushing His Head on Rail.

Hillsboro, O., May 10.—Luther Steinhour, age 18, son of the foreman of the construction gang on the Cincinnati and Columbus Traction company, was instantly killed five miles west of this place by being thrown from a car upon which he was riding.

The train was moving rapidly and Steinhour was caught by a telephone wire that crosses the track and hurled into the air, a distance of several feet, alighting on his head on the car, crushing his skull, producing instant death. This is the first man killed on the road.

A Ghastly Pavement.

Gwandu, a native town in Africa, contains between 10,000 and 15,000 inhabitants and is surrounded by a palisade of poles, the top of every pole being crowned with a human skull. There are six gates, and the approach to each gate is laid with a pavement of human skulls, the tops being the only parts that show above ground. More than 2,000 skulls are used in the pavement leading up to each gate. The pavement is of snowy whiteness, polished to the smoothness of ivory by the daily passage of hundreds of naked feet.

Words of Violence.

"Words of violence nearly always begin with 'sp,'" said a poet.

"How do you mean?"

"I mean that words of violence like spank begin with the same two letters, s and p. For example, besides spank, a clear word of violence, we have the sp beginning for such words as spurt, split, spring, splutter, spasm, speed, spill, spin, splinter, spurn, spar, spun, spike, spat, and so on."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Germans Honor Schiller.

Berlin, May 10.—The Schiller centenary was celebrated throughout Germany with public meetings, proceedings, the tolling of bells, theatrical performances and musical entertainments.

PLAIN TALK BY TAFT

Tells Railway Magnates at Banquet That Rate Regulation Is Inevitable.

CRY OF CONFISCATION RAISED

But Taft Stands by His Guns—Sensational Debate Marks Dinner Given to International Railway Congress in Session at Washington.

Washington, May 10. — Secretary Taft fairly took the breath of the 300 railway men members of the International Railway congress, dining last night as the guests of the American Railway association at the New Willard hotel, when, after being introduced as "The apostle from the Philippines," he emphatically declared that railway rate legislation must come; that if the railway men of the country were wise they would aid and not hinder it; that the sentiment of the country is such that failure of proper regulation meant a campaign on the subject that would do no good to the railroads.

WILLIAM H. TAFT.

Absolute silence reigned as Secretary Taft spoke his mind on the subject of rates. He was positively against government ownership, he said, believing that nothing so deleterious could come to the country as this solution of the question. "But," he continued, "you cannot run railroads as you run a private business. You must respond to the public demand. If there is danger in discrimination then you must allow the establishment of some tribunal that will remedy that discrimination." The secretary saw no reason why a tribunal properly constituted could not be competent in every sense of the word to fix a maximum rate.

Magnates Receive Severe Jolt.

President Stuyvesant Fish of the American Railway association had introduced Secretary Taft. In his capacity as toastmaster Mr. Fish was on his feet the instant the secretary concluded. He answered the secretary at length, taking the view that the law to prevent discrimination, double dealing and secret rebates was ample, and he vigorously called for the enforcement of the law. Mr. Fish talked of the vested rights of the money tied up in railways.

He apologized for allowing himself to be diverted and as he sat down Secretary Taft, who sat next to him, queried in a low tone, "May I have 15 minutes to reply?" This time was given and the secretary utilized it in making himself even more positive as to the position in favor of legislation which would create a tribunal with authority to make a maximum limit.

"The law is now," continued the secretary, "decided by the supreme court of the United States, that first a commission and then the courts may decide whether a particular rate is reasonable or unreasonable. Now, in fixing that—in the very mental process of determining whether a rate is reasonable or unreasonable—one has got to fix what is a maximum rate. As I understand it, what is proposed is only that in litigated cases a commission shall be constituted that shall fix a maximum rate; in other words, to go through the same process it now goes through to determine what is a reasonable rate. What I am strongly in favor of, though, is that we shall have a body that shall decide things and that those things shall be decided within a reasonable time finally by the courts."

Fish Answers a Second Time.

Mr. Fish again took up the argument, contending it was the question of fixing the price for the seller of goods.

M. Jusserand, the French ambassador; Emile Heurteau of Paris, a member of the permanent commission of the congress; Jean Kologrivoff, minister of communication, Russia, and Wayne McVeagh also delivered addresses.

Previous to the banquet the sections of the congress accomplished their allotted day's work and the delegates inspected the new Union station under construction here.

NATIONAL AND AMERICAN GAMES

Standing and Scores of the Major League Teams.

National League Standing.

Club	W	L	Per	Club	W	L	Per
New York	14	5	.737	Cincinnati	10	10	.500
Pittsburg	13	7	.650	Brooklyn	9	14	.391
Chicago	12	8	.600	Boston	6	13	.316
Phila	9	9	.500	St. Louis	6	13	.316

National Tuesday—St. Louis 8, New York 7; Pittsburg 9, Philadelphia 6; Cincinnati 6, Brooklyn 4.

American League Standing.

Club	W	L	Per	Club	W	L	Per
Washington	12	9	.571	New York	9	10	.474
Cleveland	10	8	.556	St. Louis	9	10	.474
Phila	10	9	.526	Detroit	8	10	.444
Chicago	10	9	.526	Boston	9	12	.429

American Tuesday—Boston 5, New York 2; Washington 3, Philadelphia 2; Chicago 3, Cleveland 2.

FRANCE ACTS TARDILY.

Notifies Russian Squadrons to Stay Out of Her Waters.

Paris, May 10.—Orders have been sent to the civil and naval authorities in French Indo-China not to permit the junction within French waters of the Russian naval forces under Admiral Rojestvensky and Rear Admiral Nobogatoff. Instructions have also been sent to Admiral De Jonquieres, the French naval commander, to see that Rojestvensky fully observes the promise he has already given to leave French waters. These orders resulted from the receipt of a detailed dispatch giving an account of Admiral De Jonquieres's meeting with Rojestvensky. The dispatch says the Russian squadron made a four-day cruise on the high sea outside the three-mile limit and then returned last Saturday, anchoring at Honghai bay, coast of Annam, to take on provisions and fresh water. When Admiral de Jonquieres was informed of the Russians' return he proceeded to Kongkai and requested Admiral Rojestvensky to immediately withdraw outside territorial waters. The Russian admiral told De Jonquieres that he intended to leave his anchorage and take to the open sea. He also informed De Jonquieres that he had communications with the land but had not violated any of the neutrality regulations and that the stops of the Russian squadron along the Indo-China coast were for the purpose of resting the crews. The Russian admiral said he would depart the following day.

The French admiral then returned from Kongkai to advise the French government of the result of the interview. He returned to Kongkai to see whether Rojestvensky's promise to go to sea had been carried out and found the Russian warships still at their anchorage but preparing to depart. Admiral Rojestvensky assured him that the entire squadron would leave during the night.

Look Out for These Swindlers.

Chicago, May 10.—Two or more men using the names of Anderson, Craft and Todd have been engaged fraudulently for two months in soliciting subscriptions for magazines and other periodicals in the name of the American Press Association as subscription agent. They have operated here, in Omaha, South Omaha, Council Bluffs, Sioux City and other places. At an earlier date they had worked the eastern states. The American Press Association is not a subscription agency; any one soliciting subscriptions in its name is necessarily a swindler.

First Canal Contracts Let.

Columbus, O., May 10.—The state board of public works has signed the first contracts for the improvement of the northern division of the Ohio canal, which, in connection with the Muskingum river, is designed to furnish a seven-foot waterway across the state. The canal joins the Muskingum river at Dresden. The cost of widening and deepening the canal is estimated at $600,000.

Bankers' Trial Postponed.

Lima, O., May 10. Judge Cunningham, who will occupy the bench at the trial of President Wagner and other officials of the defunct German National bank at Sidney, has announced that the serious illness of President Wagner made an indefinite postponement necessary. He notified counsel on both sides that he would not be present today and that formal notice of the continuance could be given by Judge Nathers of Sidney.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, May 9.—Profit-taking in anticipation that the government crop report would be bearish caused an easy finish in the wheat market today. At the close July wheat was off ⅛c. Corn is down ½@⅝c. Oats show a loss of ⅛c. Closing quotations: Wheat, July, 83⅞; corn, July (new), 46¾@46⅞; oats, July, 29⅛.

PITTSBURG MARKETS—MAY 9.

Corn—Yellow shelled, 55@55½; high mixed, 54@54½; yellow ear, 61@62.

Oats—No. 2 white, 34¾@35; No. 3, 34@34½; No. 4, 33½@34.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $12.25@12.50; No. 2, $11.25@11.50; No. 1 clover, $10.25@10.75; No. 1 mixed, $10.50@11; loose from wagon, $14@16.

Eggs—Selected candled, 17@18.

Butter—Prints, 28@28½; tubs, 27½@28; dairy, 19@20.

Cheese—New York full cream, new, 14@14½; Ohio cream, 14@14½; limberger, new, 13½@14.

Cattle—Prime to fancy, fat, smooth steers, $6.40@6.75; green, coarse and rough fat steers, $4.90@5.40; fat, smooth, dry fed, light steers, $4.50@5.25; choice milch cows, $30@50; medium to good milch cows, $15@30; good, fat, smooth, handy butchers' bulls, $4@4.75; feeding steers, good style, weight and extra quality, $3.75@4.75; feed steers, common to good quality, $2.50@3.75; fair to choice stockers, $2@2.50.

Calves—Veals, good to choice, $6@6.65; veals, fair to good, $5@5.50; heavy and thin calves, $3.50@4.50.

Hogs—Good to prime heavy, $5.75; medium weights, $5.80@5.85; best heavy yorkers, $5.80@5.85; good light yorkers, $5.80@5.85; pigs, good to prime, $5.70@5.80.

Sheep and Lambs—Prime wethers, $5.10@5.25; good to choice mixed, $4.65@5.10; fair to good mixed, $4@4.50; culls and common, $1.50@3; clipped lambs, $3.50@6.65; spring lambs, $6@12.50.

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BACK TO HIS DUTIES

President Starts Homeward After Two Weeks Hunting in Colorado.

BRINGS MANY TROPHIES ALONG

Bearskins Being Treated by Taxidermist—Small Dog Wins Place in President's Affections and Will Make His Home at White House.

Glenwood Springs, Col., May 8.—President Roosevelt and his hunting party have arrived on horseback after a ride of a little less than two hours from New Castle. In the party are the president, Dr. Lambert, P. B. Stewart of Colorado Springs, and Guides Goff and Borah. The president said to the newspaper men at New Castle: "We had good luck; we got 10 bears."

When the party came into Glenwood Springs the hunters were mud-bespattered and their horses wet. At the head of the party, the president, in his hunting clothes of duck, slouch hat and bandana cravat, was as picturesque as the guides who have spent their lives in similar costumes. About two miles out of Glenwood Springs the party ran the gauntlet of a battery of cameras and moving-picture machines.

WILLIAM LOEB, JR., THE PRESIDENT'S SECRETARY.

The president was escorted to the Hotel Colorado. No word of his coming had reached the villagers and he went directly to his apartments to clean up and rest. He had his first bath in a tub since leaving his comfortable train at New Castle two weeks ago.

President Roosevelt last night entertained at dinner his companions on his three days' hunt. After the dinner the president bade them an affectionate farewell and promised that all would live forever in his fondest memory. At the dinner were P. B. Stewart of Colorado Springs, Dr. Lambert of New York, Guides Jacob Borah, John Goff, "Slick" Weir, John Fry and G. M. Sourine, Connor Elmer Chapman and Secretary Loeb.

President Dines Companions.

The dinner was served in a private dining room of the Hotel Colorado. The guests were dressed much as they were at the mountains. Fancy shirts were the rule, although the guides did discard their chaparajos and laid away their revolvers. The president and Mr. Loeb wore frock suits and Dr. Lambert and Mr. Stewart were in plain business suits. Some of the stories told at the dinner later went into circulation but it was understood they were not to be printed. They related to incidents connected with the hunt.

The president spent a quiet Sunday. Large numbers of persons arrived on every train and rather than disappoint them Mr. Roosevelt stepped out on the second floor balcony of the hotel after luncheon and spoke briefly. He said:

"I did not anticipate having the pleasure of meeting you today, and, as it is Sunday, I am not going to try to make a speech to you. I shall merely say how greatly I am enjoying my visit to this beautiful state. I wish that in the last week up in the mountains there had been a little more weather like this. If there had been I think we would have gone about two bears better.

"I need not tell you how much I have enjoyed my holiday here and how deeply I have appreciated the kindness with which I have been treated by the people of your state, the people of your cities and the ranchmen in the immediate neighborhood of where I was hunting. I shall not try to make you a speech. I shall simply say again how glad I am to see you and be your guest.

President's Party Attends Church.

In the forenoon the party went to the Presbyterian church. In front of the church the Sunday school children stood in open formation and as the party passed through the little folks sang. The church was crowded and hundreds of persons stood outside near the open windows.

The Rev. Mr. Curren preached on the responsibility of the Christian church. He made no reference to the distinguished visitor except in his prayer, when he asked that the president be given the strength to carry on the duties of his office.

Mr. Roosevelt set a rapid pace toward the hotel. Half way to the hotel he expressed a desire to see the skins of the bears he had shot and he turned back to the store of Frank Hayes, a taxidermist, who has been intrusted with their mounting. As the skins were laid out the president pointed to that of the first bear he had killed. **He said that was his favorite, as it was the only one that had required** more than ordinary sportsmanship to kill. The pelt is the largest of the lot. The bear was killed with two shots, both of which had to be fired with careful aim in order not to injure the dogs, which held the animal at bay.

The taxidermist exhibited a cast showing the footprints of the first bear killed by President Roosevelt. "I should like a duplicate of that," said the president. "The original is yours if you will accept it," replied Mr. Hayes.

The presidential special train left Glenwood Springs at 5 o'clock this morning. A daylight run is being made to Denver in order to give the party an opportunity to enjoy the scenery. The train will stay 10 minutes at Hanging Bridge, one of the prettiest views on the Denver and Rio Grande railway.

Dog Wins Place in White House.

A souvenir of the hunt which Mr. Roosevelt will take to Washington is the dog "Skip." This animal is a small black and tan terrier and was the most active animal on the chase. He has a habit of getting on the backs of horses and skipping from one to another. When the other dogs are tired "Skip" is still running about investigating everything that excites his curiosity.

Other souvenirs the president is taking are pictures snapped on the hunt by Mr. Stewart. They show the camps, the trails, the party in action, the dogs and the game after it had fallen. It is a prize collection which will never be published unless in some literary work the president may at some time conclude to put out.

NAN NOT A MURDERESS.

That Is Belief of Miss Eva Booth After Call Upon Actress.

New York, May 8.—Miss Eva Booth, head of the Salvation Army in the United States, called at the Tombs prison and had a long conference with Nan Patterson. Abraham Levy, Miss Patterson's attorney, was present "to see that the girl said nothing that she should not say," he explained to the visitor.

"You're a good objector," broke in Miss Patterson, "and I hope you will stop me if I am not careful in what I say."

"You need have no fear," replied Miss Booth, "that I will encourage her to say anything she should not. I am here only to pacify her if I can. My interest is only spiritual, I assure you."

After the interview had ended Miss Booth said: "I do not believe that girl is a murderess. She is built of much better material than is usually found in persons who commit such crimes. I certainly believe her innocent of the murder of Caesar Young."

Dr. O'Hanlon, the coroner's physician, who testified for the prosecution in all three of the trials, in the presence of clerks and several other persons in the coroner's office, said: "Now that the trial is over I can say that all along I believed the revolver which fired the bullet was in the hands of Young. My object is based on the powder marks I found on one of Young's fingers on the day he was killed."

Counsel for Miss Patterson today will renew their efforts to have the girl admitted to bail. It is understood the bonds in which Miss Patterson's lawyers have announced as ready to act as surety for her in any reasonable amount is Edward J. Sparenberg, a retired paperhanger of this city. Mr. Sparenberg is an intimate friend of one of the Patterson girl's attorneys and it was in this way his interest was aroused in her case.

ROCKEFELLER HAS MOST.

Henry Clews Credits Him With Half a Billion of Money.

New York, May 8.—Henry Clews has made an estimate of the wealth of a number of millionaire capitalists of the United States, in which he places John D. Rockefeller first and Andrew Carnegie second. This is the table he has formulated:

John D. Rockefeller, $500,000,000; Andrew Carnegie ($115,000,000 given away), leaving $250,000,000; William Waldorf Astor, $200,000,000; John Jacob Astor, $75,000,000; Gould family, $150,000,000; Marshall Field, $100,000,000; Blair estate, $100,000,000; W. K. Vanderbilt, $80,000,000; Russell Sage, $80,000,000; William Rockefeller, $75,000,000; J. P. Morgan and James J. Hill, $60,000,000; Henry H. Rogers, $50,000,000; Henry Phipps, $45,000,000; John D. Archbold, $40,000,000; Henry M. Flagler, $40,000,000; James B. Haggin, $40,000,000.

Mr. Clews admits that his list is by no means complete. Prominent among those who are not included are: D. G. Reid, Henry C. Frick, Charles M. Schwab, W. B. Leeds, Senator W. A. Clark, John W. Gates, William C. Whitney estate, Mrs. Hetty Green.

ARMY OFFICER DROWNS.

Lieut. Ross, a W. and J. Graduate, Meets Untimely Death.

Newport News, Va., May 8.—First Lieutenant Moses R. Ross of the artillery corps, stationed at Fort Monroe, has been drowned in the moat at the post. He was riding a bicycle along the cement walk which skirts the moat when the chain broke, precipitating him into the water.

Lieutenant Ross was 27 years old, a native of Pennsylvania and a graduate of Washington and Jefferson college. He was with the volunteer army in the war with Spain.

Hero Hobson Engaged Once More.

New York, May 8.—The engagement of Miss Grizelda Houston Hull, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Hull of Tuxedo Park, N. J., to Captain Richmond Pearson Hobson has been announced.

WILL VIEW THE OHIO

Representatives in Congress to Begin Tour Wednesday Morning.

RIVER QUEEN TO CARRY THEM

Inspection of Stream Will Be Made With View to Ascertaining Advisability of Canalizing Great Waterway. Many Receptions Planned.

Pittsburg, May 8.—Eleven members of the house committee on rivers and harbors will start on a trip down the Ohio river on the steamer River Queen Wednesday morning, May 10, from Pittsburg for the purpose of gathering information as to the requirements of that stream.

The trip will consume eight days. In that time the members of the party will stop at every point where there appears to be a necessity for improvement. It will begin at Pittsburg, extend to Cairo and end at Cincinnati, where the River Queen will arrive on the morning of May 18 on the return trip.

The members of the party will be Chairman T. E. Burton, Representatives Dovener of West Virginia and Mrs. Dovener, Bishop of Michigan, Acheson of Pennsylvania and Mrs. Acheson, Alexander of New York and Mrs. Alexander, Bede of Minnesota and Mrs. Bede, Davidson of Wisconsin, Jones of Washington, McLachlan of California, Sparkman of Florida, Ransdell of Louisiana; J. H. Cassiday of Cleveland, clerk to the committee, and Mrs. Cassiday; Major Sibert and Lieutenant Johnston, United States engineers.

Will Start Wednesday Morning.

The members are expected to arrive today and Tuesday. Tuesday evening a banquet will be tendered to the visitors at the Schenley. From the hotel, after their local entertainment, the members of the party will go to the steamer, which is due to leave the Wood street wharf at 5 o'clock Wednesday morning. Wednesday forenoon will be spent in looking at the six locks and dams, the boat arriving at East Liverpool at 10 o'clock.

The stop Wednesday night will be at Wheeling. Thirty minutes will be spent at Steubenville, where the Queen is scheduled to arrive at 3 o'clock. Two hours later she is due to pass Wheeling en route to lock No. 13. When that has been inspected the boat will return to Wheeling in time for the dinner and reception. At midnight the party is to leave, passing Sistersville and Belmont oil fields at 9 o'clock, arriving at Marietta at 1 for a stop of two hours to be spent in driving around that historic little city.

The Parkersburg committee will be taken aboard at Marietta. After leaving Marietta the next stop will be at Ripley, 20 miles to Parkersburg arriving at 6 p. m., where there will be another dinner and reception.

To Be Entertained at Portsmouth.

The boat will leave Parkersburg at 10:30, arriving at Gallipolis at 7 o'clock. Huntington at 11:30 and Catlettsburg at 12:30. Leaving the last named place at 1 o'clock, with the committees from Catlettsburg, Huntington, Ashland and Ironton, the Queen will put in at Ironton at 2:30 o'clock. A half-hour stop will be made there. Dinner and reception that evening will be at Portsmouth, and departure will be at 10:30. A half hour's stop will be made at Maysville and Cincinnati will be reached at 1:30 p. m. Saturday.

Sunday will be a day of rest, the steamer laying up near Carrollton, Ky. Monday morning breakfast will be eaten at the mouth of the Kentucky, and Madison, Ind., will be reached at 9 o'clock and Louisville four hours later. Short stops will be made at Owensboro, Ky., Green river and Evansville, Ind.

Wednesday, May 17, the last day of the inspecting tour, will bring stops at Caseyville and Cave-in-Rock before arrival at Paducah at 2 p. m. Cairo will be passed at 5 o'clock, the party arriving back at Cairo in time for dinner and reception. The return trip will be begun that night.

ENDOWS SPIRIT TEMPLE.

Rich Banker Leaves Fortune to Establish Home of His Faith.

Bloomington, Ill., May 8.—Spiritualism is to have a temple at Leroy, a village of this county, with an endowment of $250,000, the gift of the late J. T. Crumbaugh, the rich banker of Leroy, whose will has just been probated. The estate is valued at more than $300,000.

The village of Leroy receives $50,000 for a free library. Five brothers and sisters get $1,000 each and the widow a nominal sum, which is to revert to the Spiritualists at her death. Mr. Crumbaugh, who was 87 years old, became a convert to spiritualism three years before his death, and his will provides for the establishment of a church and school in the interest of this belief.

Workmen Take Terrible Revenge.

Ekaterinburg, Russia, May 8.—In revenge for the death of a workman who was drowned in attempting to escape from a patrol, a mob of workmen gathered and tore to pieces two police officers.

Interesting News of Queen Helena.

Rome, May 8.—According to the Patria a fourth child will soon be born to the king and queen of Italy.

WHERE SURPLUS BELONGS.

Equitable President Writes Important Letter to Pittsburg Agent.

New York, May 8.—James W. Alexander, president of the Equitable Life Assurance society, last night made public a letter written by him to Edward A. Woods, manager of the society at Pittsburg, in which he asserts that the surplus of the society is held for the exclusive benefit of its policy holders and not the holders of the stock. Mr. Alexander also takes occasion to deny the rumors that he will resign. The letter was written under date of May 6 in reply to a request from Mr. Woods for a confirmation of certain official statements made by the Equitable society regarding "the mutual plan of its business and the exclusive ownership by the policyholders of the surplus."

Mr. Alexander says in part: "I recognize that, for the benefit of the present and future policyholders of the society, there should be at this time some clear and unequivocal expression on this subject and without reviewing all the society's statements on this subject I consider that there can be no doubt as to three facts: First, that the business of the society has been conducted in accordance with its charter since the date of its organization on the mutual plan; second, that the profits of the society have been accumulated for its policyholders, and third, that the surplus of the society is held for the exclusive benefit of its policyholders. I do not recall any serious question having ever arisen on these points until recently, when a claim has been put forward on behalf of the stock, which is at variance with the terms of the society's charter, the uniform course of its business and all its official and unofficial statements and representations. This is not merely my own understanding and opinion, but is confirmed by Mr. Vancise, who, as you know, has been in the service of the society for nearly 40 years, most of the time as its actuary."

DODGING THE NEW LAW.

Indiana Cigarette Smokers Indulge Only at Great Risk.

Indianapolis, May 8.—The cigarette fiend fails to see much humor in the new Indiana anti-cigarette law since Judge Alford of this city has ordered the grand jury to indict every cigarette smoker concerning whom it can get evidence.

Dealers are seeking to avoid the law by wrapping a well-known brand of cigarettes in a tobacco wrapper and selling them under the old name as "little cigars." Cigarettes by mail sent from New York are being advertised, as interstate selling cannot be prevented, and all the risk is then run by the smoker. Cigarette speakeasies are in existence, but the disappearance of the cigarette is noticeable on the streets of every city in the state.

The law was fathered by State Senator John W. Parks of Plymouth, Ind., who has been introducing such a bill for three legislatures. The senate one day passed it as a joke on the house and sent it over to the representatives, who voted for it because they thought if they did not the newspapers would say the tobacco trust had bought them.

CONTEST WAS CLOSE.

Republican Primaries at Youngstown Result in Surprises.

Youngstown, O., May 8.—The count of the votes in the Republican primaries was not completed until morning and the result afforded surprises. Up to a late hour Muldoon and Baldwin were running neck and neck for the mayoralty and neither was certain of the nomination until the reports from all the precincts were in. The final figures were: Baldwin, 3,430; Muldoon, 2,820.

One of the surprises was the fact that Marty Higgins defeated C. Perry Edwards, the present president of council. Edwards is one of the superintendents of the American Steel Hoop company, which is on strike, and the union men rallied to Higgins in a body. The Rev. Dr. S. R. Frazier, pastor of the Tabernacle United Presbyterian church, and formerly of Pittsburg, who was a candidate for the legislature, was overwhelmingly defeated by Randall H. Anderson.

TOO ILL TO STAND TRIAL.

Accused Bank President's Grief Undermines His Health.

Sidney, O., May 8.—The trial of John H. Wagner, president of the German-American bank, on a charge of embezzlement, which was set for Wednesday, will probably not be held at that time on account of the sickness of Mr. Wagner. A motion by Mr. Wagner's attorneys has been filed asking that the trial be continued until the next term of court.

Mr. Wagner has been very much worried since the bank failed, and has been confined to his home much of the time. Many think he will never recover sufficiently to be brought to trial, but will die of grief.

NEW BANK FOR NEWARK.

Starts With $250,000 Paid Up Capital. Cashier Selected.

Newark, O., May 8.—President Willis A. Robbins of the new Franklin National bank, announces that W. B. Hopkins, cashier of a bank at Mifford Center, O., has been elected cashier of the new bank. Mr. Hopkins, who is 31 years of age, formerly lived at Columbus and Marysville, O.

The new bank, which is a merger of the Franklin and People's National banks, will start business about June 1 in the People's bank rooms, with a paid up surplus of $50,000. **Some of the leading men of the city are stockholders and directors.**

FRANCE ANGERS JAPS

Ally of Russia Accused of Permitting Gross Breaches of Neutrality.

ARE SHELTERING ROJESTVENSKY

Protestations of French Foreign Office Denounced as False—Made to Permit Junction of Two Russian Divisions—Operations in Manchuria.

London, May 8.—Special dispatches from Tokio to the London morning newspapers represent that the Japanese feeling is becoming highly inflamed at France's alleged failure to prevent ostentatious disregard for the principles of neutrality by the Russian Pacific squadron. The Tokio Asahi bluntly describes the French assurances that they would preserve neutrality as falsehoods and declares that Japan would be justified in bombarding French territory and calls upon the government to take vigorous action.

Among Japanese officials in London it is asserted that France put off Japan by fair promises in order to give Rojestvensky time to effect a junction with Nebogatoff's division and that the Russians are now given every privilege provided they keep just outside the three-mile limit. The report from Tsingtau that the Russian squadron is off Vanfong, which is an inlet containing the port of Honkohe, the Three Kings being rocks near the entrance of Vanfong bay, is held to confirm the Japanese assertion that Rojestvensky is still cruising in French waters.

The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Tokio says that in response to Japan's second protest France intimated that Rojestvensky had been ordered to leave Honkohe.

A telegram from Hongkong to a news agency gives a long dispatch which it is alleged the French authorities at Saigon refused to transmit on April 30, detailing how for 10 days the Russian Pacific squadron was allowed to convert Kamranh bay practically into a Russian base, freely coaling and provisioning openly under the direction of Prince Lieven, captain of the interned Russian cruiser Diana, the French Admiral De Jonquieres being present the whole time and until April 23 making no attempt to check the breach of neutrality.

Tokio, May 8.—Assuming that Vice Admiral Rojestvensky meditates a speedy conjunction of his squadron with Nebogatoff's division, it is believed here that the meeting of the ships may be expected by Tuesday, May 9, the speed of Nebogatoff's division being only about seven knots an hour. These ships are believed to be in need of coal and stores, and their deficiencies in this respect probably will be supplied by Vice Admiral Rojestvensky at some friendly port after the two admirals effect a junction.

The future movements of the Russian Pacific squadron is a matter of suspicion here, although the delay of Rojestvensky on the Indo China coast has raised a doubt as to his purpose to move northward and risk an engagement at an early date.

The Vladivostok torpedo boat destroyers have not been reported and it is believed they have returned to Vladivostok.

Gadgeyadana, Manchuria, May 8.—Since April 29 the Japanese have been advancing slowly and intermittently, pushing forward their columns successively from right to left under cover of a screen of cavalry and Chinese bandits. The advance has resulted in straightening the alignment of the opposing armies, Russian detachments which were far advanced on the flanks being forced to retire. Erdagou, to the eastward, was occupied May 5 and is under pressure by the Russians. The Japanese later evacuated the place. On the left the Russian cavalry retired behind the Liao river, the Japanese occupying Palaotun, Sanlingan and Batzya. The village of Shahedzi, on the railroad north of Changtufu, has been occupied and burned by the Japanese.

It is reported that the Japanese armies in the center have been reinforced. The force at Field Marshal Oyama's disposal, according to information recently received, is 348 battalions or 390,000 men.

The Japanese are said to have armed 25,000 or 30,000 Chinese bandits with captured Russian rifles. The Chinese have been drafted for roadmaking and roads are being constructed to Sihwinpu, Banchensee and Nanga pass.

Heir to $30,000 Found Drowned.

Toledo, O., May 8.—The body of C. C. Rogers, who had been missing since Feb. 26, was found floating in the river at the foot of Locust street. Rogers was 68 years old and is reported to have been heir to an estate valued at $30,000 left by his father, who died recently in Rochester, N. Y.

Prominent Woman Seeks Divorce.

Delaware, O., May 8.—Mrs. Cornelia C. George daughter of the Rev. Dr. L. M. Albright of this city, one of the best known Methodist Episcopal divines in Ohio, has filed suit for divorce from Wallace W. George, professor of vocal music in the Ohio Wesleyand university. Mrs George alleges cruelty.

Killed for Playing an Accordeon.

New York, May 8.—Because several men were playing accordians and singing in front of his home would not stop when asked to do so, Peter Novelino **of Williamsburg shot Patrick Ketchwa, the leader of the serenaders, through the heart.**

New Plays.

"Sergeant Brue," "The Proud Laird" and "The Squaw Man."

[From Our New York Dramatic Correspondent.]

Frank Daniels in "Sergeant Brue" at the Knickerbocker theater and "The Proud Laird," which Harrison Grey Fiske has put on at the Manhattan, are the two latest dramatic features to attract attention.

Daniels is very humorous in "Sergeant Brue." The play, a recent importation, was a big hit in London and has repeated its success here.

Daniels appears as a London policeman, and in his blundering efforts to secure advancement in the service lies the humor of the play.

Miss Blanche Ring sang an interpolated number in her usual pleasing fashion, which was warmly applauded. The play was prettily mounted and the orchestra adequate.

Daniels made a speech after the second act. It was, as usual, convulsively funny, funnier than anything in the play.

"The Proud Laird" is by Charles Cartwright and Cosmo Hamilton. The play is not of momentous importance, and particular recital of its story is not needful. It relates to the fortunes of an impecunious young Scotch "laird" and a somewhat unromantic English heiress. The ancestral castle of the "laird" is badly in need of repairs, and his lack of funds with which to undertake its rehabilitation causes much discomfort to the various members of his family. His mother in order to repair the fallen fortunes of her son and the falling roof of his castle determines to bring about his marriage with the heiress. In order to do this she persuades each of the young people that the other is the victim of unrequited attachment. This artifice is successful and ends in a betrothal, which is temporarily broken by discovery of the plot to effect it. The heiress, however, convinces herself of the "laird's" truth and sincerity by pretending to have lost her fortune, and the piece closes with the usual indication of impending matrimony and consequent bliss.

George C. Tyler, the well known New York manager, sailed for Europe recently for an outing to last until August. Joseph Brooks of Klaw & Erlanger met him at Cherbourg in Mr. Tyler's new fifty horsepower auto. Together they will travel through southern Europe, into the Austrian Tyrol and through Hungary and Germany to Berlin, where they will pick up A. T. Worm, who will pilot them

FRANK DANIELS.

through Norway, Sweden and Denmark. They will then visit St. Petersburg.

Joseph L. Plunkett of Liebler & Co. accompanies the party. When Mr. Tyler returns he will stage the Hall Caine play "The Prodigal Son."

Ethel Barrymore was seen recently for the first time in an Ibsen role at a special matinee at Powers' theater, Chicago, when she appeared as Nora Helmer in "A Doll's House." Her success was pronounced.

"The Squaw Man," Edwin Milton Royle's new play, was produced at the Star theater, in Buffalo, recently, with William Faversham in the title role, and scored a success. The play tells a thrilling story of life in the west, and the scenes depicted are realistic.

The third act alone is enough to insure its success. The setting for this shows an alkali desert and a barren mountain in the background, and the introduction of Indians, one of them genuine, and cowboys makes the scene seem nearly real. The audience applauded generously, and both the play and Mr. Faversham were liked. W. S. Hart as a "bad man," Theodore Roberts as an Indian chief, Selene Johnson as an English countess and Mabel Morrison as the squaw wife also made hits.

ROBERT BUTLER.

A Big Jersey Filly This.

A New Jersey horseman reports a rather remarkable three-year-old trotting filly owned by Samuel R. Genther of Belle Meade. The filly now stands seventeen hands and weighs 1,350 pounds. Despite her remarkable growth she is sound and possessed of speed and action. She was sired by Red Wilkes, dam Tops, by Jersey Pilot.

The Good and Bad In Baseball.

Joe Kelley says there is nothing so good for the batting eye and the pitchers as the morning workouts. Yes, and nothing so bad as those heavy dinners just before a game.

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Poor seed is the prime cause of a poor corn crop. If the seed is poor the stand is poor, and no favorable conditions of weather, cultivation or fertility can offset this trouble.

Banana culture is being undertaken in Mexico. On one plantation 547 bunches were produced to the acre, which brought the grower 31 cents per bunch in the field, or $114.95 per acre.

While we would be glad to kill every one of the pesky English sparrows during the summer, we can't help wanting to feed the little rascals when they perch on the window sill during a bitter cold day in winter.

The first hundred pounds of meat put on a hog with grass, clover or alfalfa and slops is cheaply made meat and costs far less than the next hundred pounds which is made largely with corn. The right thing to do is to make the first 150 pounds with these cheap foods.

Life for the heavy draft horses in our cities is a hard one. The enormous loads and unyielding pavements soon wear them out, notwithstanding the good care taken of them. Unless the auto dray supersedes the horse the demand for the 1,600 pound horse will never grow less.

A friend claims that if a perfect stand of corn is secured and a larger yield is obtained it will result in more rapidly exhausting the fertility of the soil. This point is not well taken, for wherever the stand of corn is poor there will be found the big weeds, which rob the land of fertility to a much greater extent than does the corn crop.

The big ear of corn is not by any means the best ear any more than the biggest man is the best man. Until within a short time the large ear was accepted as the standard of excellence in corn regardless of the size of the cob or the percentage relation of grain to cob. This has now changed, and the standard is based upon a dozen other things besides size.

Some corn growers express the fear that should the yield of corn be increased as a result of the employment of better methods of culture the price would be lowered and the raising of corn be made unprofitable. Well, let us raise the same number of bushels we do now on two-thirds of the present acreage and have a lot of good land for the use of other crops. There's nothing wrong about that, we take it.

A very common sight these days is to witness the amorous scrap between two male robins out on the lawn, and they usually fight for keeps. If one will look closely, there may be found a demure little hen robin sitting on the fence or in a tree near by, and she always flies off with the victor in the bout and never yet was known to take up with the one which got whipped, in which respect she is very like demure females of other species.

A reader who has a small piece of land attached to his town residence wants to know what he can sow on it that will furnish him the best food for his chickens both summer and winter, wanting some crop which he can mow off two or three times during the summer so as to keep the weeds down. We know of nothing which would give him better satisfaction than alfalfa. This would have to be cut three or four times during the growing season and makes most admirable food for chickens both winter and summer.

When we hear people complaining about their awfully muddy roads we have no pity to extend to them. The mud is unpleasant, we know, but mud in a general way stands for money, the worst roads usually being associated with our richest and most fertile soil. Mud also means moisture. There are good roads always in the desert and on all the poor, gravelly, impoverished soils of the east, but when we come to the soils which will produce eighty bushels of corn to the acre mud is inevitable.

It is always interesting to note how the wastes of a great city are utilized. The street sweepings go to the market gardeners as fertilizer; the dead animals are tried and rendered and hides, bones, fat, hair and hoofs allotted to manufacturers, while the precipitate goes into fertilizer; the paper scraps are gathered and find their way back to the paper mills; the broken boxes form the poor man's kindling wood; scrap iron and tin cans go to the foundry, old carpets to the rugmaker, and old clothes go down the grade step by step till they land in the ragpicker's basket; the untasted portion of the $1.25 sirloin steak at the tony restaurant is by no means fed to the hogs, but appears later in savory meat pie, hash or soup where a square meal can be had for 15 cents. But little is really wasted.

The tree when transplanted, no matter whether it be deciduous, evergreen or fruit tree, should always be set from three to five inches deeper than it grew in the nursery or timber from which it was taken.

Three million barrels of apples were held over in cold storage the past season, the largest amount of fruit ever so held. As applied to food products cold storage has effected a most remarkable change.

There is a small fortune awaiting the young man who will go into the north wheat country, get a section of land and a proper outfit for growing the crop and stick at it for ten years. It is not a very attractive country in which to live, and the business is work four months and loaf nine months.

A good name counts for much. A certain county in a western state which has established a fine reputation for the barley which it produces and which is known on the market by the name of the county finds that five times as much barley is sold each year under this brand as it ever produces.

The government has made a marked change in the horses furnished its cavalry since the war of the rebellion. Then cavalry horses seldom weighed less than 1,150 to 1,200 pounds. Now the broncho has largely taken the place of the big horse, this range animal possessing more endurance and activity.

Many an acre of the most productive land can be redeemed by $10 worth of tile drain. When we see a man, as we often do, busy plowing some hillside badly worn, while at the foot of the hill lies an undrained bog, we always want to stop and have a talk with him and get him to seed his hillside down and drain his bog and cultivate that.

Cyclonic conditions often develop quite early in the spring in the middle west. Two or three days of 80 degree temperature in late March or early April will often set things going, so disturbing the normal temperature that a cyclone results. Hot air alone will never produce a cyclone; neither will cold air alone, but the mixing of the two works on the same plan as a seidlitz powder.

The late raid of the British army into the unknown kingdom of Tibet reveals in the sacred city of Lassa, never before invaded by other races, a curious people and a curious condition. Skilled labor is paid but 8 cents per day, while unskilled labor is paid but 2 or 3 cents. The prayer readers are the best paid, receiving 10 cents per day for ten hours' steady work reading prayers for other people.

The very richness of western soils has in a way been destructive of all principles of good farming. Men have made a living too easily, have not been forced to consider how to treat the soil so as to insure the retention of its fertility, been ever tempted to work too many acres, always rating their standing as farmers by the number of acres worked rather than by the yield of crops secured or the quality of such crops.

It is the competitive strife in business which gives the world its best things, develops its best and brightest men. While competition is cruel and merciless, ever crushing out the weak and the incompetent, co-operation, which is its legitimate antidote, if generally substituted for it would soon head the human race toward degeneracy. Hard and severe though the process may be, competitive strife is absolutely indispensable to the best development of an American civilization.

It certainly looks like a most reasonable proposition that if a man is going to plow a field, harrow it, plant it, cultivate it four or more times he should at least be dead sure that his seed corn is good and will every kernel grow, for it is not with corn as with the small grains, which, if the seed be poor, will still be often thick enough by the stooling of such plants as do grow, whereas with corn if the seed fails there is no way for nature to make good the loss. So small an amount of corn is required to plant an acre that every effort to select and plant only the very best is justified.

In some few communities the farmers, influenced by a broad minded public spirit, have banded together and in a co-operative way have undertaken the improvement of the highways on their respective farms independent of the work done by the road supervisors with the regular tax. It is needless to say that in such cases there has been a marked improvement in the condition of the highways. We do not see how a man owning a good farm can render his community and his country a more patriotic service than in this manner. He is further well rewarded in a financial way, as the fine highway adds good dollars to every acre of land which he owns.

We came across a very level headed and philosophic farmer not long ago. He lives on a farm which is subject to overflow when the Missouri river gets on a tear, which it did last year, destroying his corn crop on the bottom land. He figured it this way: That while he lost his corn the overflow had deposited between three and four inches of rich river silt all over his land, which was worth far more and would last longer than any coat of fertilizer he could give the land. He said quite cheerfully that while he was out a crop last year he would show the boys a thing or two on corn next year, and we believe he will. It quite often proves that our seeming calamities are in reality blessings after all.

THE SMALL TOWNS.

The small towns of all the vast prairie region are very much alike, those towns which have from 400 to 1,000 inhabitants. There are the railway station, the postoffice, the elevator, the stockyards, the graded school (usually the pride of the town), the banker, who lives in the best house in town; the local paper, the brass band and the baseball team, a town hall or opera house, the women's club, a half dozen fraternal organizations, a lot of retired farmers, the people nearly all readers of the daily papers, the telephone system and rural mail route, usually a creamery and a horse buyer, some fellow a candidate for a county or state office, generally twice as many church organizations as the town can support properly and a half dozen very poorly paid parsons; there are the drug stores, usually twice as many as can exist doing a legitimate business; the gang of young toughs who make Rome howl periodically, the hotel, sometimes good, but often a $2 a day travesty; the mayor, some nice old citizen who is apt to feel his oats, the little fool girls who come to the depot when the train comes in to flirt with the traveling men—communities which are intensely loyal to their town, county and state, where the best there is in American citizenship is making a brave and successful fight with the ills and evils of a white man's civilization, where none are very poor and none very rich, where living sometimes becomes tame and irksome from the very monotony of right living; thousands of such towns all through the great northwest, and no great wrong can be accomplished in politics or government while these towns exist.

THE HIRED MAN'S WASHING.

A farmer's wife wishes to know just what is meant by the term "washing" as applied to the contract made with the hired man. Does it mean starched collars, cuffs and boiled shirts as well as work clothes, with darning and mending included? We do not consider ourselves an authority on this point, but if we were in this lady's place we would pack up all his fine clothing in a nice bundle and tell him that he could take it to the city laundry and would give him a needle and some yarn and tell him to darn his own socks or else buy new ones when they got too holey to wear. Hired men with pajamas and dress linen may be the common thing as our agriculture develops, but today few women care to look after this line of goods in the wardrobe of the hired man. There is only one exception, and that is where the hired man is in every way eligible as a husband for one of the girls, and then it will pay to do his washing just as one of the family. Ordinarily a wamus, a pair of overalls, two pairs of socks and a nightshirt, work shirt and a suit of underwear would be construed as a liberal definition of the term "washing."

TWO KINDS OF POOR SEED CORN.

There are two kinds of poor seed corn—one which is dead and will not germinate at all; another, corn which has been so injured that its germinating power is weak and which can only send up a scrub stalk which cannot produce an ear, this the common barren stalk which may be found in all our cornfields. Of the two kinds of poor seed the last is the worst, for it takes moisture, sunshine and fertility which could be profitably used by its more thrifty fellows. Then such barren stalk always manages to throw out a tassel and so sheds its weak and degraded pollen on its better bred neighbors. A surprise awaits any corn grower who will take the trouble to go through his cornfield and take a single row through the field and find out for himself just how many missing and barren stalks there are, even where there seems to be a fair stand. He will very quickly discover that with a good and even stand he can easily largely increase his yield of corn.

SHIPLOADS OF RAW MATERIAL.

Ninety-seven thousand immigrants arrived in this country during the month of March. Most of these people were very poor, with only just enough money to dodge the pauper clause of the immigration laws. They were a mixed and low grade lot, largely the hapless victims of effete monarchies, compulsory military service, hereditary poverty, a system of confiscating taxation and overpopulation. They will largely center in the cities, glutting the tenement sections, and instinctively become at first the gatherers and users of the wastes, the garbage, the odds and ends; they will drift into the sweat shops, join the army of peddlers, only the very few going where their unskilled labor is wanted—out into the country. They will seek and stick to their kind, their church and add to the already densely populated settlements of foreigners, which are becoming so grave a problem in our larger municipalities.

A FARM BLEMISH.

There is one mighty sorry looking spot on many a good farm all through the corn belt, and that the feed yard, the lot used for the feeding and fattening of a lot of steers and hogs. Quite often it will include a part of the timber lot or grove around the farm homestead, to the utter ruin of every tree growing in the lot. It becomes poached up to a depth of a foot or more and becomes a veritable quagmire of filth. This lot is a blemish on the farm, for it represents a big waste—waste of fertility which the fields need, waste of food, waste of valuable timber.

A LONDON CRAZE.

Society Now Takes Its Various Pets to Places of Amusement.

The society craze in London of taking pets to places of entertainment appears to have been started at the Royal Italian circus, where many well known leaders of society, including Miss Nathalie Janotha, the German emperor's court pianist, have taken prize dogs and cats and other animals to be introduced to Signor Volpi's trained animals, says the London News.

"The other evening," said Signor Volpi, "a gentleman well known in the city brought his pet Sudanese monkey in the stalls. We have also been honored with visits by distinguished ladies who have actually brought their pet cockatoos, mice and monkeys to see the performance. So long as they pay for their seats and the animals behave themselves they cannot be refused admission."

The Italian circus is not the only place of amusement that has been selected by ladies and gentlemen who desire to treat their pets to a few hours' entertainment. Brilliantly dressed ladies have sat in the boxes at the royal Italian opera fondling snakes and lizards.

Strange pets have a fascination for ladies in high society. One lady has a devoted python twelve feet long. Another goes on her travels with a pet boa constrictor fifteen feet long, which, of course, if it liked, could crush her to death at any moment. It was caught in Somaliland. It accompanies its mistress placed in a long box. A ladies' mouse club is in existence in the west end, and blue mottled mice recently fetched 120 guineas (about $600) a pair.

The most famous cat in the world is Prince White Heather, the pet of Miss Nathalie Janotha. It is a perfectly black animal and has earned the reputation among European royalties of being a kind of mascot. Wherever Miss Janotha goes she is accompanied by Prince White Heather.

A Siberian Chicago.

A British company, with a capital of 10,000,000 rubles, is founding a meat preserving establishment, fitted with the most modern machinery, about 120 miles from Petropavlovsk, district of Akmolinsk, in Siberia, says the London Globe. This establishment will be joined to the Transsiberian railway at Petropavlovsk by a service of motor wagons, each with a carrying capacity of six hundredweight. Machinery and utensils for this establishment are said to be arriving daily. Petropavlovsk is the center of the steppe cattle rearing district of eastern Siberia. The preserved meat, it is said, will be dispatched to London, application having already been made to the authorities for favorable freight rates.

Chance For a Reformer.

Some day a great reformer in whose aspirations sense is duly blended with enthusiasm will make and win a great fight for adequate pockets in women's street clothes, says Harper's Weekly. Why woman does not have more and better pockets in her clothes is one of the mysteries of civilization.

A Bride's Misapprehension.

It was the first Sunday in their pretty new flat, and Mrs. G. determined to celebrate the joyous day with a dinner which would make her young husband think he had married not only "the sweetest girl in the world," but "the best cook." It was perfectly lovely to set the little round dining room table with the nicest presents, and the preparation of a tempting salad and dessert was not exactly a trying ordeal, but the roasting of the chicken made her a little nervous. After succeeding, with the assistance of a large oilcloth book, in getting the fowl into the oven she sang from sheer relief. A little later, when the music had ceased and the silence in the kitchen became suspicious, Mr. G opened the door. Kneeling down before the oven, with flushed face and tearful eyes, was Mrs. G. On the floor beside her was the cookbook, and in one hand was a long needle with white thread. "Oh, dearie," she cried, "it is going to burn my hands just dreadfully to baste this chicken every fifteen minutes!"—What to Eat.

Sporting Repartee.

It is doubtful, said a biographer, if any repartee ever surpassed in delicacy the reply made by an East Indian servant of the late Lord Dufferin when he was viceroy of India.

"Well, what sort of sport has Lord —— had?" said the viceroy one day to his shikaree, or sporting servant, who had attended a young English lord on a shooting excursion.

"Oh," replied the scrupulously polite Hindoo, "the young sahib shot divinely, but Providence was very merciful to the birds!"

This story calls to mind one told by the writer of some reminiscences of Sydney Smith. On one occasion the celebrated physician, Sir Henry Holland, told the witty divine that he had failed to kill either one of a brace of pheasants that had risen within easy range near Smith's house.

"Why did you not prescribe for them?" came the quick reply.

A Close Student.

"He's fond of literature."

"Is he a close student?"

"I should say so. He never spends a penny he doesn't have to."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

What a tangled web we weave when first we practice to deceive!—Scott.

Piles In order to prove to you that Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for any form of itching, bleeding, or protruding piles, the manufacturers guarantee a cure. You can use it and if not cured get your money back. *Mr. Casper Walton, laborer, Michigan City, Ind.*, says: "I work hard and lift a great deal. The strain brought on an attack of piles. They itched and they protruded and bled. Nothing helped them until I used Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment. That cured them." 50c. a box at all dealers, or DR. A. W. CHASE MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment.

FOR SALE!

Lots on Chester, Edwin and Dwight streets, from $250 to $500.

Lots on George and Johnson streets from $200 to $250.

Four lots off Wachter street $150 to $200.

One lot on Clay alley.

Fifteen lots on South Erie street.

These lots can be sold on small monthly payments.

James R. Dunn,

Over 50 S. Erie St.

Office hours from 7 to 8 A. M. and from 4 to 5:30 P. M.

THOMAS BURD, Agent.

Want Column ads. pay.

Closing Out Sale

For 30 Days.

Best Lawn Mowers, $2 25 up.
Best Rubber Hose, 8c and 9c per foot.
Best Steel Range, $24 00
Best Washing Machines, $5.75.
Best Clothes Wringers, $1 25 up.
Best Gas Stoves and Hot Plates, $1.00 and up.
Best Ovens, $1.50 up, and Gasoline Stoves, $2 25 up.
Best Oil Cloth, Linoleum, White Leads, Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Stains, Brushes, Gas and Water Pipes, Chandeliers, Wall Brackets, Mantles, Globes, Whips, Churns, Kitchen Sinks, Wire Screen, Screen Windows and Doors, Roofing Paper, Graniteware, Wire Fence, Poultry Netting, Anti-Rust Wash Boilers.

Garden and Farming Tools at a Bargain.

MASSILLON HARDWARE CO.,
53 S. Erie St.
Opposite Hotel Sailer.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

Now We Are Moved

And Ready to Do Business at Once.

We also have a much larger room and make more specialty of hardware. New lawn mowers from $2.25 to $6.00. Wire fencing for poultry and stock, oil cloth from 25c to 75c yd., linoleum 90c to $1.40 yd., screening, screen doors, window screens, Sherwin & Williams paints, varnishes, stains, floor oil, dryer, linseed oil, white lead, roofing paint, guaranteed for five years, roofing paper, cream separator oil, new cream separator, lawn hose ½ inch and ¾ inch 10c, garden tools, miners' oil, miners' picks and supplies, window glass, putty, gas ranges from $6.50 to $20.00, coal ranges from $32.00 to $48.00, pumps from $2.25 to $6.00, sink pumps, water sinks, pipe fittings for sale, Columbia dry batteries and bells, incandescent lights from 15c to $1.50, also real small ones, auto oil and auto horns and supplies, new wheels from $22.00 to $35.00. Gas fitting and plumbing.

Gas Mantles from 7c to 25c, Globes from 8c to $1.00, Chandeliers, 2 lights, from $1 25 to $6.00, Brackets from 25c to $1.25, High Pressure Burners, Tires from $2.00 to $5.00 each, Bicycle Supplies, Bicycle Repairing, Guns, Wringers, Go-Cart Tires put on, Coaster Brakes. We sell and buy second hand wheels. Come and see us before you buy.

We Can Save You Money.

J. R. SMITH,

BICYCLE and HARDWARE STORE

42 W. Main St. U. S. Phone 335.

Season of 1905

—AT—

The Dalton Stock Farm

Two of Bell Bros. imported stallions will make the season of 1905 at our barns ***one and one-half miles N.-E. of Dalton, O.***

The one a black ***Percheron,*** six years old and has proven himself a sure foalgetter.

The other a ***German Coach,*** with the best of color, style and action.

Terms:—$15.00 to insure a colt 10 days old.

For pedigree and further description call on or address,

L. S. RUDY, - - DALTON, O.
U. S. Phone, 2 rings on 10.

CLOSES RIVER GAP

COTTON BELT'S NEW BRIDGE COMPLETES STEEL HIGHWAY TO THE SOUTHWEST.

OPENED TO TRAFFIC APRIL 18.

All Cotton Belt Route trains between St. Louis and the southwest now use the new steel bridge across the Mississippi river at Thebes, Ill., doing away with the ferry transfer and shortening schedules an hour.

The Cotton Belt has a line of lowest grades, fewest curves and one of the smoothest tracks between St. Louis and the southwest.

The new bridge adds to the facilities in reaching the country of mild climate and cheap homes—Arkansas, Louisiana and Texas. Write for literature descriptive of this wonderful fertile country. Cheap homeseeker's rates first and third Tuesdays of each month.

June 20th, we will run a special train excursion of fruit and truck growers, and others interested to the famous East Texas fruit country. This will afford an opportunity of seeing the gathering and marketing of the big fruit crop. Write for intinerary and cost of trip.

Cotton Belt trains leave St. Louis daily, 9:20 a. m. and 9:32 p. m.

L. O. SCHAEFER, T. P. A.,
Cotton Belt Route, Cincinnati, O

WARTHORST & CO.

QUARRY,

BRICK - - BRICK.

Massillon, - Ohio

To Cure a Cold in One Day Cures Grip in Two Days.

Take **Laxative Bromo Quinine** Tablets. on every box. 25c.

Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months. This signature, E. W. Grove

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,
INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
30 North Erie Street, • MASSILLON, O.

Long Distance Telephone.
Both Telephones No. 60.

Weekly Founded in 1863.
Daily Founded in 1887.
Semi-Weekly Founded in 1896.

Entered at Massillon postoffice as second-class matter.

MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS.

THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on sale at Bahney's Book Store, Bammerlin's Cigar Stand and Hankins's News Stand in North Mill Street.

THURSDAY, MAY 11, 1905

A writer in the Southern Farm Magazine notes that freight rates have been gradually reduced until no people in the world outside of the United States enjoy such low rates for the carrying of passengers and traffic. Taking the principal lines he finds from a report made by the United States department of agriculture that the average freight on the Louisville and Nashville railroad in 1887 was 3 cents per ton mile; in 1897, 0.79 cent; on the Mobile & Ohio railroad in 1870, 1.95 cents per ton mile; in 1897, 0.87 cent; on the Texas Pacific in 1875, 1.05 cents; in 1897, 1.11 cents; on the Southern railway in 1869, 4.42 cents; in 1897, 0.97 cents; on the New York Central in 1866, 2.18 cents; in 1897, 0.76 cents; on the Burlington in 1866, 2.60 cents, in 1897, 0.78 cent; on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas, in 1882, 1.60 cents, in 1897, 0.69 cent. President Lucius Tuttle, of the Boston & Maine railroad, is authority for the statement that the average freight rate received by all the railroads in 1893 was 8.93 mills per ton mile. In 1903 the rate was 7.81 mills, showing a reduction of 1.12 mills per ton mile, notwithstanding the advance in price of almost every commodity in the interval.

I ask not wealth or high estate;
The burden of too large a board,
The constant strain of being great,
Would only make me bored.

The above stanza opens a somewhat lengthy poem which appeared in the London Punch recently entitled "The Simple Life." The writer goes on to depict the pleasures of a small place in the country and a little flat in town, a motor car, "to save railroad fare," three horses or, at a pinch, two, and in general the cakes and ale of a fairly enjoyble life. The parody strikes one as a shining example of what Pastor Wagner did not mean but to which we shall be driven post haste out of sheer perversity if our bookish friends don't stop talking about his amiable doctrine. An unlimited course of breakfast food, stewed prunes and a vegetarian diet do not, in spite of the opinions of many, constitute the foundations of "The Simple Life," nor do an exerciser fastened to the door jamb, or a cold "plunge" every morning in a porcelain lined tub make one a Sandow. A nice appreciation of the ordinary pleasures of existence, an optimism which is made up of one part thought to two parts energy and the happy faculty of placing one's aim reasonably within one's reach, are perhaps the surest means of getting the best out of things. Nowhere will one find better defined this comfortable attitude than in this strenuous land, nor do we need an Alsatian from Paris to point the way.

HOW TO LIVE LONG

Prof. Boyd Lavhard, of London, England's leading author of works on hygiene, gives these rules for those who desire to live a healthy and long life:

1. Avoid every kind of excess, especially in eating and drinking.

2. Do not live to eat. Select those aliments most suitable for nourishnig the body and not those likely to impair it.

3. Look upon fresh air as your best friend. Inhale its lifegiving oxygen as much as possible during the day, while at night sleep with the bedroom window open at the top for a space of at least four or five inches. Follow this out even in the depth of winter. It is one of the great secrets of long life.

4. Be clean both in mind and body. "Cleanliness is next to godliness." It is a fortification against disease.

5. Worry not nor grieve. This advice may seem but cold philosophy and to be easier to give than to follow; nevertheless, I have known persons of a worrying disposition almost entirely break themselves of it by a simple effort of the will. Worry kills.

6. Learn to love work and hate indolence. The lazy man never becomes a centennarian.

7. Have a hobby. A man with a hobby will never die of senile decay. He has always something to occupy either mind or body; therefore they remain fresh and vigorous.

8. Take regular exercise in the open air but avoid overexertion.

9. Keep regular hours, and insure sufficient sleep.

10. Beware of passion. Remember that every outbreak shortens life to a certain degree, while occasionally it is fatal.

11. Have an object in life. A man who has no purpose to live for rarely lives long.

12. Seek a good partner in life, but not too early.

PAINT SECURITY.

If you know little or nothing about paint, you had better use Green Seal Liquid Paint; and get all the name stands for. For sale by Hawk Hardware Co.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, May 8, 1905:

LADIES.

Deibel, Mrs. J. C.
Gossett, Mrs. C. F.
Howkins, Mrs Orpha
Jones, Elizabeth
Quinn, Mrs. Robert
Smith, Mrs Nellie
McClellan, Miss Brinton

MEN.

Allbright, M.
Andrews, C. P.
Angel, F.
Aston, J.
Atodi, L.
Baugh, George
Bentaz, M.
Berker, B.
Bifero, C.
Bigolo, M.
Boker, S.
Borrer, T.
Bowen, C.
Brackman, A.
Brown, F.
Butler, Louis
Burlinger, S.
Burgy, J.
Carpenter, O.
Colroade, Jas.
Cornell, L.
Cox, H. C
Crosby, Cleve
Crowford, S. J
Cuff, Clyde
Cuil, George
Curtis Johnson
Custer, H.
Daniels, C.
Davidson, Jas.
Davis, W. A.
Dayton, F.
Deris, K.
Derts, John
Dirrimig, C.
Earl, James
Edwards, Daniel
Evans, M.
Fennell, F.
Fisher, Geo.
Fitzmyer, C.
Garford, G.
Gents, Wm.
Goodman, W. J.
Gowen, James
Griswold, Harry
Haines, H. D.
Hedd, Wm.
Holland, B.
Holler, ——
Irwin, Aug.
Jacon, J. M.
Johnson, G.
Jordan, J. L.
Kittinger, John
Kohl, Elias
Landefeld, C.
Lintner, Frank
Loutzer, H. J.
Merwin, F
Morgan, J.
Noland, Geo
Parks, A.
Piscos, Harry
Radner, D.
Ray, Sam
Ren, C. B.
Sayers, J.
Scott, L.
Shaffer, Geo.
Sheeler, Conrad
Slusser, F.
Speck, Chas.
Swier, Wm.
Weidley, Jacob
Welling, Thos.
Woods, G.

There's no beauty in all the land
That can with her face compare,
Her lips are red, her eyes are bright,
She takes Rocky Mountain Tea at night.

Z. T. Baltzly.

THE GREEN SEAL PAINT

Will cover better than other paints. This is because it is made from best materials. For sale by Hawk Hardware Co.

Excursions to Colorado, June 29th to July 3d, via Pennsylvania Lines.

Special low fares to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, account International Epworth League Convention. Good time for health and pleasure seekers to visit famous Rocky Mountain resorts. Get full information from ticket agents of Pennsylvania lines.

DO YOU KNOW

The value of "HANNA'S LUSTRO FINISH?" It makes old floors, furniture and woodwork look more beautiful than when they were new. And it lasts. See finished samples at Hawk Hardware Co.

Low Fares to California Through Portland, Oregon, via Pennsylvania Lines.

Account Knights of Columbus National Council. Excursion tickets will be sold May 28th to 31st to San Francisco and Los Angeles, good for stop over at Portland to visit Lewis and Clark Centennial. Further information may be obtained from ticket agents of Pennsylvania lines.

A PLEASING EFFECT.

A gown of Green Seal Paint on your house makes your home look stylish and inviting. Try it. For sale by Hawk Hardware Co.

German Baptist Brethren Excursions to Bristol, Tenn., via Pennsylvania Lines

June 1st, 2d and 3d, account annual conference. Tickets for members of Standing Committee and their families on sale May 29th, 30th and 31st. For information about fares, trains and stop-overs, apply to ticket agents of Pennsylvania lines.

TWO PAINT RULES.

Cleanliness is the first and foremost rule for every painter. The second is: Use Green Seal Paint. For sale by Hawk Hardware Co.

Tired Out

"I was very poorly and could hardly get about the house. I was tired out all the time. Then I tried Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and it only took two bottles to make me feel perfectly well."
Mrs. N. S. Swinney, Princeton, Mo.

Tired when you go to bed, tired when you get up, tired all the time. Why? Your blood is impure. You are living on the border line of nerve exhaustion. You need Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Ask your doctor what he thinks of this grand old family medicine. Follow his advice and we will be satisfied.

Take Ayer's Pills with the Sarsaparilla. They act on the liver, cure biliousness, headache, constipation.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

GEORGE ESTERLY DROPPED DEAD.

He Had Just Finished Eating His Supper.

HE WAS ILL SEVERAL MONTHS.

Mr. Esterly Had Been Usher at the Massillon State Hospital for Six Years — A Former Resident of Columbiana and Alliance.

George M. Esterly, aged 69 years, dropped dead at the family home, 310 East Main street, at about 7:30 o'clock Monday evening, while sitting at the supper table after having finished the evening meal. The summons from life came without warning, although Mr. Esterly had been in failing health since last September.

During the winter months Mr. Esterly was hardly able to be out of doors, but as the brighter days came he was able to walk out at short intervals. Monday evening he had remarked that he felt as well as usual. After finishing his supper he sat at the table a few minutes, while Mrs. Esterly was busy in another part of the house. Mrs. Cordelia Fox, who lives in adjoining apartments, and Mrs. Esterly heard a heavy fall, and going to the dining room found Mr. Esterly lying prostrate upon the floor. P. H. Young and W. K. Atwater were summoned, but it was evident when they arrived that Mr. Esterly had breathed his last. Drs. Culbertson and Hardy were also immediately summoned and they, too, confirmed the sad news to Mrs. Esterly, who was almost overcome by the shock.

For the past six years until a few months ago, when failing health prevented Mr. Esterly performing active duties, he was usher in the administration building at the Massillon state hospital. His courtesy was proverbial and he made many friends. He was born near Columbiana and spent his boyhood life on a farm. He later was engaged in business for several years. On September 4, 1862, Mr. and Mrs. Esterly were married and made their home in Columbiana. In 1889 they moved to Alliance and lived there until coming to Massillon six years ago.

The deceased is survived by his wife and two sons, Dr. George R. Esterly, of Lawrence, Kan., and Dr. D. A. Esterly, of Topeka. One son died some years ago and was buried in Lawrence and during the last illness Mr. Esterly expressed a desire to be buried by the side of the deceased son.

Mr. Esterly was a member of the Masonic order and until illness prevented regularly attended the stated meetings. He was also a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and in early life took a deep interest in Sunday school affairs. Since going to the state hospital he formed many friendships, of which he often spoke during the last illness.

TURKS PREPARE FOR WAR.

Army and Navy is Being Greatly Strengthened.

Constantinople, May 10.—The work of reorganizing the Turkish army and navy is steadily and rapidly progressing. The Yildiz Kiosk realizes the need of haste and thoroughness more fully than a Turkish ruler has realized since the days of the warrior sultans who threatened to impose the religion of Mahomet on all Europe, and are acting with a quiet energy which is amazing to those who are acquainted with what is going on.

The announcement that an order has been given to an American shipyard for another cruiser and that other vessels are to be built in French, German and English yards is but a surface indication as to what Turkey is doing. Not only has work been commenced on a naval building programme, but the more difficult and important work of building up a personnel to fight it, is well under way. This work is being carried on quietly and is in charge of former American and British naval officers, who have been given greater power than has ever been conferred on foreign officers in the sultan's sea service.

Surprising progress has been made. The American and English officers have found the Turks not only able but anxious to learn, and declare that they will make splendid men-of-warsmen when properly officered and led.

The same activity is apparent in the army. Here Germany has been called in to help. Within a year the Turkish army will be equipped with the most modern arms, well organized and drilled according to the best standards and its staff departments will be thoroughly cleared of grafters and will be as efficient as they can be made. The reason for all this was thus tersely summed up in a statement of a high official of the Yildiz Kiosk:

"Turkey knows," he said, "that it is a matter of months now when she will be called upon to fight for existence. Our hands are so tied by the powers in the Balkan provinces that we are powerless to prevent a state of anarchy there, intolerable both to the powers and to Turkey. When the powers intervene, as they will do after the war between Russia and Japan is finished, the inevitable struggle in which Turkey must face Europe will be at hand. It will quickly develop into a mighty conflict between Islam and Christianity. Islam may go down to defeat, but the world will be bathed in blood before that happens. We are preparing for it."

This is the view held by all official Turkey and by thinking Moslems who are officials.

MEMORIAL DAY ARRANGEMENTS

Usual Services Will be Held at Cemeteries and Armory.

A. C. YINGLING THE ORATOR.

The Post Department Commander of the Division of Ohio Chosen to Deliver the Principal Address — School Children Will be Asked to Collect Flowers.

Hart Post of the Grand Army of the Republic, has about completed all arrangements for the Memorial day exercises to be held in Massillon. As previously announced in The Independent, A. C. Yingling, of Salem, past department commander of Ohio, has been chosen as the orator of the day. The exercises will be held in the Armory beginning at 1:30 p. m.

In the morning the post will visit the Massillon cemetery and the cemeteries of St. Joseph and St. Mary's churches and strew the graves of the dead soldiers with flowers. Orders have been issued for the members of the post to meet at Grand Army hall, in Tremont street, at 1 o'clock, and from that point they will march to the Armory in a body. This will be the only semblance of a parade which will be attempted. Advancing age has incapacitated many of the older veterans for any such rigorous lines of parade as were outlined in former years.

The Rev. James Jones, pastor of the United Brethren church of this city, has been chosen as chaplain of the day. He will pronounce the invocation and benediction at the Armory.

The flowers of the day will be gathered under the direction of the Daughters of Veterans, who will expect the school children to procure them, as has always been the custom in former years. The Daughters of Veterans will decorate the soldiers' monument at the Massillon cemetery and assist in the grave decorations. J. P. White is chairman of the flower gathering committee.

The committee on arrangements includes President T. H. Seaman, A. D. Volkmor and Secretary R. A. Pinn. H. C. Brown has been chosen president of the day and J. C. Hissong marshal of the day. The finance committee includes J. J. Wise, H. C. Dielhenn, Jacob Graze and Per Lee Hunt. The chairman of the committee on transportation is H. C. Oehler, and the reception committee is F. Strobel, J. C. Hissong and L. Martin.

CHURCH DYNAMITED.

The Rev. T. C. Edwards Well Known by Welsh People.

The church at Edwardsville, Pa., of which the Rev. T. C. Edwards is pastor, was wrecked by dynamite Sunday night, as a supposed result of the opposition of the pastor in granting a liquor license. He is well known among the Welsh people of Stark county and will conduct the big eisteddfod to be held in Canton May 30.

Mr. Edwards is considered one of the most prominent divines among the Welsh in the United States. He was ordained to the ministry in 1870 at Mineral Ridge and two years after his ordination was called to Edwardsville, where he served as pastor for several years. He then accepted a call to one of the largest Welsh churches in Cardiff, South Wales, but returned to his former charge in Edwardsville two years later. He is a noted musical director.

Baby sleeps and grows while mammy rests if Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is given. It is the greatest baby medicine ever offered loving mothers. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Z. T. Baltzly.

JUST CONSULT ANY GOOD PAINTER

In regard to the virtues of Green Seal Liquid Paint. Their stories will be the same. For sale by Hawk Hardware Co.

COLONEL STOKES WAS CAPTURED.

Chief Ertle Located Colored Man at Dillonvale.

HE WAS RUNNING A SALOON

Did Not Resist Arrest This Time—Mayor Bell Fined Him $50 and Costs and Sentenced Him to Sixty Days in the Workhouse.

"Colonel" William Stokes, the giant colored man who some three weeks ago resisted arrest at the hands of Constable Graham, and after clubbing the officer managed to escape, hobbled into police court Wednesday morning at 9:30 o'clock, accompanied by Chief of Police Ertle, having been arrested by that officer at Dillonvale Tuesday evening.

Stokes used the identical club which he had used so effectively on Constable Graham, to assist him in walking, having his right ankle bundled in a thick roll of flannel, and tied with a heavy twine. He cannot remember the exact manner in which his ankle became injured, if injured it is, but his hobbling gait Wednesday morning would certainly have aroused pity in any but the hearts of those who knew him.

Information was sent to the local police force Tuesday that Stokes could be found in Dillonvale, where he had opened a saloon in that mining town. Chief Ertle took a late train for that city Tuesday evening and before the colored man was aware of it he was again in the clutches of the law. This time he made no resistance and Wednesday morning embarked willingly for Massillon. A short time later he was on his way to the Canton workhouse, where he will serve out a sentence of $50 costs and fine, and sixty days' sentence. Stokes pleaded guilty to the charge of assault and battery with Constable Graham as the victim.

Previous to the trial Stokes entertained a large crowd of police court spectators with an account of his escape from the Massillon officers. He says that he went at once to the old stone house in South street, when he escaped from the constable, and that the same evening when Officer Davis and Constable Graham searched the premises he was snugly hidden under a cot in a room which was searched. "Why, officer," he said, turning to Charles Davis, "I could have touched you on the shoe when you was talking to Laura Walton that night." He then went on to explain how the colored woman had deceived the officers. Stokes left the premises a short time later, crossed the canal and followed the tow path to the Columbia yards bridge, at which point he crossed to the yards and caught the "High Ball" south on the Wheeling & Lake Erie, getting off at Dillonvale.

Stokes evidently dropped into something pretty easily there, for when Chief Ertle put in an appearance Tuesday evening he found the coolred man comfortably fixed in one of the most pretentious saloons in Dillonvale. Stokes claims that he is able to pay the fine of $50, and telephoned instructions to his bartender at Dillonvale as to the manner in which to operate that institution while he was in the workhouse.

Incidentally, Stokes referred to his coming sentence lightly, saying that he had previously served a ten year sentence in the state penitentiary, and that this little sentence would be easy, comparatively speaking. When questioned regarding the cause of the ten year sentence, Stokes told his hearers that he had killed his wife, when he learned that she was unfaithful to him. "And I'd do it again," he said. "I'll fix that Johnny Green when I get out of the works," he muttered after the sentence, referring to the colored man whom he concluded informed the officers of his whereabouts.

COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

Liquor Dealers Anxious About Grand Jury's Report.

Canton, May 10.—At the present time, and until the grand jury makes its report, there is considerable uneasiness among certain residents of Canton, especially some of those engaged in the liquor business. It is also said that some people who have been driving automobiles at an illegal rate are quaking in their boots. The grand jury is about to finish its labors.

County Auditor Oberlin has appraised the Massillon railroad, a short branch of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, located in the northern part of the county. The road has no rolling stock. The main track was appraised at $2,000 and the sidetracks at $1,000 per mile, practically the same valuation that was placed on it last year.

Anna E. Wallace, of Massillon, was granted a divorce Wednesday morning from Sylvester Wallace, by Judge Ambler, the grounds being wilful absence. Attorney Willison represented the plaintiff.

MARRIED SON'S WIDOW.

Candidate for Congressional Honors in This District.

Alliance May 10.—Colonel Stanton Weaver, for twenty-five years employed in the war department at Washington, on Tuesday married Mrs. Ethel Weaver, widow of his adopted son. The bride is the daughter of A. F. Dinsmore, formerly chief of draughting division of the general land office at Washington. Colonel Weaver is Republican aspirant for congressional honors from the Eighteenth district.

STRIKERS ARE QUIET TODAY.

Teamsters Will Present Petition to the President.

DO NOT WANT TROOPS CALLED.

The Strikers Assert the Employers Violated a Solemn Compact When They Refused to Arbitrate and Call the Strike a Lockout.

Chicago, May 10.—Promises of peace and order for today, the President's day, were made on both sides in the teamsters' strike. The Employers' Teaming Company decided to reduce its teaming and delivery operations for today. The teamsters' joint council has voted against a general strike and determined that no further sympathetic movements should be made, except in case teamsters are ordered to make deliveries to boycotted houses, in which event individuals should walk out. A statement of the situation was prepared, to be presented to President Roosevelt by the strikers' committee, which desisted, at his request, from meeting him on the way to Chicago. The employers say they will not officially approach the President.

The lengthy paper prepared by C. P. Shea, Charles Dold, Joseph O'Neil, T. P. Quinn and T. Richert, representing organizations engaged in the strike, to be presented to President Roosevet on his arrival in Chicago, was a vigorous protest against the use of national troops to suppress the strike. The point is made that this so-called strike is really a lockout, caused by the positive violation of the agreement to arbitrate on the part of the employers. The paper asserts that the union men are anxious to arbitrate and are bound to abide by the arbitration, even if it should be wrong, while the employers openly repudiate a solemn contract providing for arbitration and declare their intention to disrupt the unions. It calls attention to the manifest wrong in using the army to support violators of a contract in their attempt to destroy the unions. Without desiring to make a threat, it quotes a speech of Benjamin F. Butler at Lowell, sixty years ago, in which he declared in favor of using the torch and making Lowell a wilderness rather than have the workingmen made slaves by their employers. The paper asks the President not to order out troops until he has had an opportunity to hear the case of the union men.

The President's train arrived a few minutes after noon and was met by a reception committee. The President and party took carriages for the Auditorium. The streets were crowded but were kept clear for passage by mounted police, who preceded the President's carriage, and eight detective sergeants as a special bodyguard rode in two carriages immediately behind the President. Over fifty detectives followed the President's carriage, keeping close watch on the crowds.

At the hotel the President stepped from his carriage, tanned and smiling. He was followed by Governor Deneen, Mayor Dunne and Charles H. Walker. In a very brief time he went to his rooms and was soon escorted to the dining room, where the guests for luncheon had already assembled.

SLIPPED BY TOGO.

Two Russian Cruisers Have Reached Vladivostok.

London, May 10.—A St. Petersburg dispatch says it is reported there that two Russian cruisers have eluded the Japanese navy and reached Vladivostok.

Obstinate constipation, indigestion and stomach disorders are permanently and positively cured by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Z. T. Baltzly.

THE GREEN SEAL PAINTS

Stand thinning with pure Linseed Oil, and are therefore more economical than other paints. Read directions on every package. For sale by Hawk Hardware Co.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independen Investigators.

Mrs. E. S. Wright, of Cleveland, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. B. McCue, at the latter's residence in East Main street

Miss Cora Menuez left Wednesday for Pittsburg to visit friends whose acquaintance she made while attending Harcourt Place seminary, at Gambier.

Dr. and Mrs. A. Per Lee Pease, who sailed from Naples, April 29 on the steamer Canopic, reached Boston Monday afternoon. They will be in Massillon sometime this week.

Dr. W. H. Kellogg, of Indianapolis, will lecture at the First M. E. church Tuesday evening, May 15, on his "Trip Through the Mediteranean." The lecture will be illustrated with pictures taken on the trip.

The Canton Y's have completed their arrangements for the W. C. T. U. convention which will be held there May 16 and 17. The day session will be held in the assembly room of the city hall and the evening session in the Trinity Reformed church.

Dr. and Mrs. A. E Allen reached Massillon Tuesday evening after an extended wedding trip through the Southern states. They will make their home in Wellman street, where a house had been furnished previous to the wedding in Columbus two weeks ago.

The funeral of the late August Drage was held from the family home in Kracker street at 1 o'clock and from St. Paul's Lutheran church at 2 o'clock, Wednesday afternoon, the Rev. L. H. Burry officiating. The pall bearers were the deceased's intimate friends. Interment was made in the Massillon cemetery.

Under the direction of Chauncey Doll, a comedy drama, "The Danger Signal," was given in the Millersburg school house, one mile south of Reedurban, Thursday and Saturday evenings, before audiences that filled the house each time. The play was made up of two acts and eleven persons were in the cast. It was given in a very creditable manner.

On Tuesday "Duck" Fentz, aged 45, a stonemason of Orrville, entered William Bergen's saloon at Newark, and when refused a drink went into a back room. A moment later an explosion was heard. Fentz's body was scattered all over the room, one hand being plastered against the ceiling. The room was shattered. It is supposed his death was caused by dynamite.

The people of New Berlin voted Tuesday on the proposition to bond the school district for $4,000 to secure money with which to build an addition to the school house. The proposition carried by a vote of 84 for and 26 against. The present school building of four rooms is overcrowded, and it is apparent that something has to be done to accommodate the children. It is planned to erect an addition of two rooms with the money secured from the bond sale. The village is increasing in population quite rapidly.

The following officers were elected by the Epworth League of the First M. E. church at a meeting held Tuesday evening: President, Miss Elizabeth Reavie; first vice president, Miss May Bowman; second vice president, E. A. Heckert; third vice president, Miss Mabel Dewey; secretary, Ovid Kent; treasurer, S. H. Hankins. The following delegates were appointed to represent the local league at the June convention, which will be held in this city: Miss Mabel Dewey, Ovid Kent and Samuel Skeels.

At the coming Stark county eisteddfod contest Cleveland will be represented by J. Z. Jones, who will compete for the $700 prize with a choir of from one hundred to one hundred and fifty voices; W. J. Davis with a choir equally as large will also compete for this prize; the song for this prize is "Thanks Be to God." Mr. Davis will also compete for the $300 prize with the Bridal chorus. Mr. Davis and William Vaughn will sing a duet and about twenty other members of the local organization will sing solos.

The company of Canal Dover capitalists who asked for a franchise to put in a telephone line at Strasburg were turned down by the village council, the ordinance failing to pass. The reason assigned for the refusal to grant the franchise is because the company was not willing to give free service to its subscribers beyond the limits of the village. It is stated that another company will apply for a franchise at the next meeting of the council, and that free service with other places in close proximity to Strasburg will be given.

The funeral of the late George M. Esterly was held from the late residence in East Main street Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock, the Rev. H. W. Dewey officiating. The choir from the Massillon state hospital, where Mr. Esterly was usher for six years, sang several favorite hymns. Mrs. M. E. Dawson sang a solo, "One by One." The body was sent to Lawrence, Kan., over the Pennsylvania at 9:45. Mrs. Esterly was accompanied as far as Chicago by Mrs. F. P. Drake. Dr. George Esterly will meet his mother in that city and accompany her to Lawrence.

Governor Herrick has formally accepted an invitation and will preside at the evening session of the eisteddfod at the Auditorium, May 30. W. Aubrey Thomas, of Niles, O., congressman from the noted Nineteenth Ohio district, will preside at the afternoon session, and John P. Jones, of North Lawrence, will preside at the morning session. John C. Dueber, of Canton, will give a gold medal to the most successful conductor of a mixed chorus at the coming eisteddfod; Anthony Howells, of Massillon, a gold medal to the successful conductor of a women's chorus, and Silas A. Williams, of Alliance, gold medal to the successful conductor of a male chorus.—Canton Repository.

OBITUARY.

WILLIAM LENHART.

Wilmot, May 9.—The funeral of William Lenhart, the 14-year-old son of Henry Lenhart, took place Tuesday afternoon from the Center U. B. church The young man died on Sunday, death being the result of an abfcess. His mother died less than three weeks ago.

MRS. GEORGE HARDGROVE.

Canal Fulton, May 9.—Mrs. George Hardgrove, aged 78 years, one of the pioneer residents of Lawrence township, died at her home here Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock, death being due to heart trouble. The deceased was a widow and is survived by two children, Mrs. M. W. King, of Berlin Center, and Martin Hardgrove, of Doylestown. The funeral will take place from the residence at 1:30 Thursday afternoon, the Rev. Mr. Yoder, pastor of the M. E. church, officiating.

MRS. MARGARET KOELLE.

Mrs. Margaret Koelle, aged 25 years, died at the family home, No. 94 West Cherry street, at 4 o'clock Wednesday morning after an illness of two weeks from a complication of diseases. The deceased was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John N. Richards, with whom Mr. and Mrs. Koelle lived. The deceased is survived by her husband and her parents. The funeral arrangements have not been made.

FOOT CRUSHED UNDER WHEELS.

John Hoven Injured in the Pennsylvania Yards.

JUMPED FROM MOVING TRAIN.

He was a Member of the Work Train Crew and Endeavored to Alight from Train Before it Stopped to Save a Long Walk Home from the Station.

John Hovan, a Hungarian laborer aged about 30 years, fell under the wheels of a moving train on the Pennsylvania tracks, near the shops of the Massillon Bridge Company Tuesday evening at 5:15 and had his right foot crushed to such an extent that amputation was necessary. The injured member was amputated at Mt. Airy hospital.

Hovan was a member of the crew on the work train running out of Massillon daily and at present used in hauling crushed stone along the tracks between Alliance and Orrville. The train was just returning from the east for the night. Hovan lives in the vicinity of the steel plant and his reason for alighting from the train at the bridge shop was that he might be saved a long walk from the station. It has been the custom of many of the foreigners to jump from the train at any point between the steel plant and the station as soon as the engineer has slowed the train sufficiently to make the attempt in safety. Hovan thought the train had slowed enough Tuesday evening. He had no more than swung from the car handle than companions saw him fall to the ground with his feet apparently under the wheels.

An alarm was given and an investigation made at once when it was discovered that only the right foot had been crushed. Hovan was carried across the tracks to Sippo street and later taken to Mt. Airy hospital in Higerd's ambulance. There the foot was amputated in the evening. He will recover from the injury.

WILL BURN FACTORIES.

Russian Strikers Threaten Their Employers.

Reval, Russia, May 10.—At a meeting here today it was decided to proclaim a three days' strike in connection with Labor day, May 14, and to make fresh demands on the employers, coupled with the intimation that if not complied with in twelve hours their factories will be burned.

WANTED in every city, town and village, mining camp, etc., resident representative to sell high grade line of groceries to the consumers, goods delivered freight paid. Apply with references to Home Supply Co., 15 N. Mill St., St. Louis, Mo.

THE SEAL THAT STANDS FOR QUALITY—
Green Seal Liquid Paint. For sale now at Hawk Hardware Co.

NEARBY TOWNS

ELTON.

Elton, May 9.—Some of our citizens attended church services at West Lebanon Sunday.

Grandma Baughman is on the sick list this week.

The Whitefield family moved to Pike township last week.

C. E. McFarren and family called on relatives here this week.

Stephen Horner is visiting relatives and old home associations in Germany this month.

The present term of school at the McFarren school building will close next Wednesday.

Preparations are being made for the Boughman family reunion to be held at the home of D. Boughman, Thursday, June 8, 1905.

The Tuscarawas Township Sunday School Association will hold a convention at the McFarren church on Sunday evening, June 18. C. B. Heckman, county secretary, and M. A. Garver, of Strasburg, will deliver addresses. The Rev. M. A. Boughman will conduct a round table. The convention will be conducted by President D. W. Walters, of West Brookfield. A good attendance and an interesting convention are anticipated.

WEST LEBANON.

West Lebanon, May 9.—The Rev. S. K. Mahon, of Massillon, preached one of his good, practical sermons and administered baptism to three young ladies and also held communion services at the M. E. church Sunday afternoon.

Dr. Snively's little son, George, while playing Friday slipped on the porch and fell, fracturing his leg above the knee.

The air shaft at the Lebanon mine was finished Friday.

Miss Grace Oplinger left Monday morning for Lorain to spend several weeks with her sister, Mrs. Coats.

Mrs. Ruth Beals, who is lying at the home of her son-in-law, Mr. Woods, is growing weaker. She is suffering with a stroke of paralysis.

Some of the farmers are realizing thirty cents per pound for their wool in this vicinity.

GENOA.

Genoa, May 9.—The farmers are busy planting corn and potatoes.

Peter Streb and daughter, Miss Dora Streb, were in Massillon on Saturday.

Mrs. Mary Erb and daughter, Miss Laura Erb, visited Miss Ada Marchand on Sunday.

Church services held at Richville Sunday evening were largely attended.

Dr. Wallace is on the sick list.

Miss Mary Carrer went to the circus at Canton on Friday.

Mrs. Hazel Gephart is visiting her sister, Mrs. Elva Whitmer, this week, at Bolivar.

Fred Marchand and daughter, Mrs. John Gephart, went to Massillon last Saturday.

DALTON.

Dalton, May 9.—Following that much discussed topic, the electric railway, we face still another of as much importance. This time it is the new schedule which went into effect Sunday. We must say that it is utterly inconceivable that Dalton people have such an accommodating and convenient railroad in our vicinity, yet they do not make the desired use of it, in the opinion of the railroad people. On Sunday morning there were between forty and fifty people at the station expecting to take the early morning train for points west, but were disappointed by hearing that that train did not go through on Sunday. No mail leaves here before 1:10 p. m. and that for the east, while the first west mail does not go before 4:15 p. m. We want a real genuine schedule accommodating and right at our hands. It would be best for Dalton, Massillon and every town along the line in general. All would thrive and appreciate the business of all kinds an electric line would bring to their doors.

Clayton Arnold narrowly missed serious injury on Friday evening after school, having left some part of the harness unhitched which in some manner hit the horse he was driving and making it kick, narrowly missing him and Ray McAfee, a schoolmate. McAfee jumped out, but Arnold was thrown over the dashboard under the horse's heels. He crawled out and was struck by something sharp which cut a gash in his forehead.

John Gonser has accepted a position at Millersburg and left for that place on Saturday evening.

NEWMAN.

Newman, May 10.—Jacob Sibila, trustee of Tuscarawas township, was in our village last Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Findley visited the Carrie family, at Canton, last Sunday.

Theophilus Jenkins, who is now employed at the Akron rubber works, spent Sunday at his Newman home.

Miss Bessie Miller was the only pupil from this part of the township that passed the Patterson examination held at Canal Fulton April 22.

John Evans visited North Lawrence friends last Monday.

The Rev. O. E. Hall, of Massillon, conducted communion services in our local church last Sunday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. William X. Baker, a daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hornsberger were called to Springfield Monday by the illness of a relative.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Williams and George Williams attended the exercises at the Massillon Baptist church last Friday evening, and were highly pleased with the entertainment.

Mr. and Mrs. John Sadler spent Sunday with their North Lawrence friends.

The township trustees met last Friday and made their levy, which is the same as was made for the past two years. So if you pay more taxes this year it is because you are getting richer or the county has increased your rate. When we consider the extra expense during the past from the high water and washouts we feel the trustees have made a good showing in not having to increase the tax rate.

BENTLEY.

Bentley, May 10.—Preaching services will be held at 10:30 Sunday by the pastor, the Rev. W. S. Adams.

Mrs. Albert Graber, of Dalton, spent several days last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Levers.

A large host of neighbors and friends gathered here Wednesday to pay their last tributes of respect to Mrs. David Short, whose funeral took place here.

The revival meetings which were being held at this place closed Friday evening.

Miss Nellie Snavely returned home Saturday after spending a week with friends at Massillon.

Lloyd Rudy and John Snavely visited at Reuben Brinker's home, near Canal Fulton, on Sunday.

Several of our people went to Canton Wednesday evening to hear Creatore and his Italian band.

Miss Nellie Snavely and Ivin Yost spent Sunday with Miss Daisy Trubey, near Justus.

Miss Edna Oberlin is learning the dressmaking trade.

Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Snavely visited friends at Massillon Sunday.

A number of our people are planning to attend the box social at the parsonage Thursday evening.

DALTON.

Dalton, May 10.—The loud report of lightning on Monday evening aroused many a citizen from his early night dreams, besides giving a few who happened to be outside a severe shock so that some of their hands were numb. It is thought that it struck some building close south of Dalton.

On Tuesday morning Naaman Weaver, a pupil going to school, was driving his horse past the Gochnaur mills in North Mill street. It became frightened at the sawmill which was in operation, becoming vicious because of the noise and ran south toward town trying to get away. The driver turned it off the road and in some manner broke or injured its leg. It was taken to the veterinary hospital in Main street, where Dr. Hawk attended to its injuries. Weaver escaped unhurt.

Mrs. J. T. Hoak arrived home on Tuesday after a visit in Athens county with relatives.

The Jr. O. U. A. M. initiated five candidates Tuesday evening in their hall in the Wertz block.

Emil Cline, who has been living here this winter and employed in the mine north of town, left Wednesday morning for Huntington, W. Va., where he will work in a machine shop. Ed Vinson accompanied him.

John Gonser has accepted a position in Millersburg. He left for that place on Saturday evening.

The Rev. J. H. Rogers was installed pastor of the Presbyterian church on Tuesday afternoon.

James Snyder has been taking the mail on H. D. Wyre's route, the latter being unable to attend to the duty.

Bi Bi is coming. Armory 25 and 26.

Home Made

Have your cake, muffins, and tea biscuit home-made. They will be fresher, cleaner, more tasty and wholesome.

Royal Baking Powder helps the house wife to produce at home, quickly and economically, fine and tasty cake, the raised hot-biscuit, puddings, the frosted layer-cake, crisp cookies, crullers, crusts and muffins, with which the ready-made food found at the bake-shop or grocery does not compare.

Royal is the greatest of bake-day helps.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

CRYSTAL SPRING.

Cyrstal Spring, May 11.—Mr. and Mrs. John Meismer, of Navarre, spent Sunday with relatives in Iowa.

C. M. Leonard, of Massillon, canvassed this vicinity a few days last week in the interests of The Independent.

Henry Siffrin went to Barberton Tuesday evening on business.

Clayton Snapp, James C. Bertel and Louis G. Hare, of Barberton, call on friends at this place Sunday.

Mrs. Emma Hayes left Thursday for her home in New Brighton, Pa., after an extended visit with her parents.

Frank H. Leonard returned a few days ago to his Crystal Spring home, having spent nearly three years in the southern and western parts of the union.

AULTMAN PLANT SOLD.

Creditors Will Not Receive More Than 5 Per Cent of Claims.

The plant of the Aultman Company, at Canton, was purchased yesterday by the creditors' protective committee because there was no other bidder willing to pay what was considered a reasonable price. The situation was one where the committee was forced to take the step in order to protect its own interests. It would not have been a bidder had there been any way to have sold the property outright to some other party at a satisfactory price.

The plant was sold for $262,500. The lowest for which it could have been sold under the appraisement, was $212,824. The sale does not include $72,556 worth of machinery and outstanding claims.

It has never been the intention of the creditors' committee to take over the plant and operate it and keep it going intact. A plan has been suggested to take the patterns of the company and make a contract with some responsible manufacturing concern for making and furnishing the duplicate parts for a few years, so that all outstanding contracts can be carried out. The company has many pieces of machinery out now, on which there have been one, two or three payments made. The contract of sale was that the selling company should furnish duplicate parts as needed and unless this feature of the contract is carried out the payments on the machinery cannot be collected as they become due and another big item of loss will be incurred.

It has been suggested that some other manufacturer can be found who will find the material and machinery and the plant and other property of some value and ultimately that a disposition can be made of the entire assets. There have been no overtures from any prospective buyers. They have been exceedingly scarce. There were a few prospective bidders making inquiries previous to the sale yesterday but it was impossible to get any number of them to bid high on the property. Expert mechanics who helped appraise the property declared in court that the plant was not modern in its mechanical equipment and to make it so would require that the entire plant should be rebuilt and equipped with new machinery. This means that if a sale should be made it would have to go at a ruinous sacrifice.

With immense liabilities of the company the sale yesterday means that practically only a small return can be had by the creditors save through the course taken in buying in the property and the outlook after that course was taken is declared to be filled with gloom. It is doubtful whether the creditors receive more than five per cent of their claims.

PHYSICAL CULTURE FESTIVAL

3,000 German Athletes to Hold Turnfest at Indianapolis.

The North American Gymnastic Union, the largest physical culture organization in the world, will hold its annual festival at the Indiana state fair ground, Indianapolis, June 21 to 25. Teams and whole societies, some including 400 people, will participate, and there will be events which will show the entire 3,000 in beautiful formations. Every state in the union will send contestants, and there will be teams from England, Germany, Holland and Italy. There will be a day pageant, including many expensive floats, and a torchlight procession will also take place. The citizens of Indianapolis will spend $25,000 in entertaining visitors. One fare plus 25 cents for round trip on all railroads, tickets good going June 20 23 and returning until 27th. This will be the great out-door event of the year. Tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines June 20 to 23, inclusive. For particulars apply to local ticket agents of the Pennsylvania Lines.

Read the "want" columns daily

Rain Coats at $8.50.
Choice of 20 Ladies' Rain Coats in blue, castor and gray, the $12.50 kind reduced to **$8.50**

THE BEE HIVE

New Wash Suits $1.98
One rack filled with new Wash Suits—all colors and sizes, regular $2.00 and $2.50 values **$1.98**

Specials from the Cloak Dep't.

STARTING Thursday morning and continuing the remainder of the week, we offer Ladies' Suits, Jackets, Skirts, Rain Coats, etc., at very tempting prices.

25 Ladies' Tailored Suits in black, blue, brown; short and long coat effects. Suits that sold at from $10.00 to $15.00, are to go at **$5 98**

25 Ladies' Tailored Suits in the season's best styles and all colors and sizes. Former prices up to $25.00, your choice now at only **$10.98**

Ladies' Silk Shirt Waist Suits in blue, brown and black; they are of the regular $12.00 and $15.00 kinds and are to go at $9 90

New Lot of Covert Jackets.

Yesterday we received a shipment of twenty-five Ladies' and Misses' Covert Jackets, which were bought to sell at $6.50, but we have decided to close them out quickly in this sale at only **$5.98**

Handsome New Mohair Skirts $4.98.

We are making a special offering for this week of handsome New Mohair Skirts which cannot be matched anywhere under $6.50. Two styles to choose from; box plaited and tucked effects. For the remainder of this week the price will be only **$4.98**

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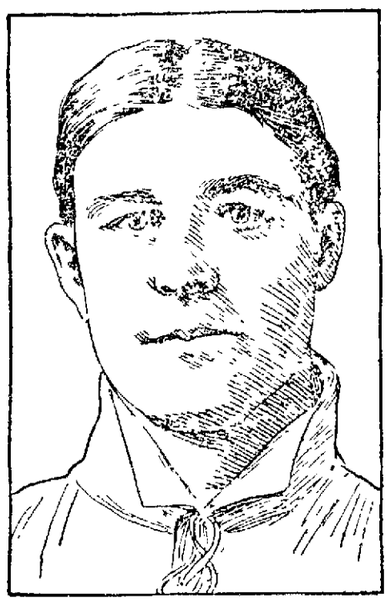
Careers Of Great Players

How Jimmy Collins and Cy Young Rose to Baseball Fame---The Boston Americans' Captain Was Once a Buffalo Star.

Three of the best known figures in baseball are Captain-Manager Jimmy Collins of the Boston American champions, Pat Dougherty of the New York Americans and Cy Young the famous twirler, who has been Collins' chief aid in winning pennants for Collins' team. A glance at the careers of these men should prove of interest to all "fans."

Collins was born in 1873 at Buffalo and received his education in St. Jo-



CAPTAIN JIMMY COLLINS.

seph's college at his native place. His first professional playing was with the Buffalo club of the Eastern league in 1893, filling the position of shortstop. In the fall of 1894 his release was purchased by the Boston Nationals. When the championship season of 1895 began Collins was playing in the right field on the Boston team, and Jimmy Bannon was sent to the bench.

Collins, however, did not come up to the standard as a batsman and before the season was far advanced was replaced by Bannon. Shortly afterward the Louisville club, whose team was badly crippled, began negotiations for Collins' release. This was granted, with a proviso, which was that the amount paid by the Louisvilles was to be returned at a certain time by Boston if it wanted Collins.

Thereafter, with a few exceptions, notably two games at Washington, on Sept. 3, when he played second base, Collins has played at third base. His record with the Boston Nationals and Americans is well known throughout the country. He has proved to be one of the greatest captain managers the game has ever produced.

Denton T. Young, better known as Cy Young is a native of Ohio.

As an amateur he first played ball with a Red Cloud (Neb.) team. Soon after he evidenced considerable ability as a pitcher.

Cy won notice from minor league managers early in his career, and in 1890 he received several offers, finally accepting an engagement with the Canton (O.) club of the Tristate league. He took part in thirty seven championship games in 1890, thirty of which he pitched. Before the season was half over the Cleveland club bought him.

In 1892 Young's effective delivery went far toward enabling the Cleveland team to finish first in the first sea-

PITCHER CY YOUNG.

son. He also did good work against Boston during the deciding series for the possession of the pennant of the twelve club league. He stayed with the Cleveland team when they went to St. Louis and pitched with the St. Louis nine until he joined the Boston Americans. While pitching for Canton against McKeesport on July 25, 1891, he shut out the latter team without a hit, fanning eighteen men. He pitched a sixteen inning tie game with St. Louis on June 24, 1892, when only two scattering hits were made off his delivery for twelve consecutive innings.

IS THE SUN COOLING?

Professor Langley Thinks It Is—His Reasons Therefor.

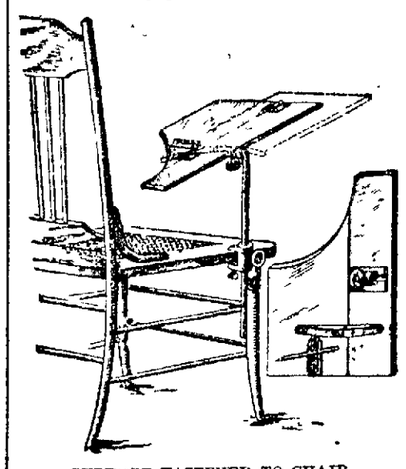
That the total amount of heat in the sun tends to be constantly lessened by radiation is believed by all astronomers. That its temperature remains practically the same from age to age is almost equally certain. What it is that restores or maintains this temperature is perhaps the fundamental problem of solar physics. Whatever its solution may be, exact measurements of the sun's radiation show that this fluctuates considerably, and it is probable that these changes have an influence on the earth's weather. The most delicate measurements of radiant heat are those made with Professor Langley's bolometer, an instrument now so perfected that it will indicate the heat given out by a human face one-third of a mile distant. The results of some measurements of solar radiation made by Langley with this device are thus stated by C. W. Saleeby in the Academy and Literature, London. Says this writer:

"He (Langley) believes that at the end of March, 1903, contemporaneously with a marked increase in sun spots, something happened in the sun that caused a rapid fall in the solar radiation, which subsequently has continued to be about 10 per cent less than before. What the cause of this fall may have been we cannot conjecture, but it is interesting to inquire what consequences it had for the earth. According to Professor Langley, such a change in the sun would reduce the temperature of the earth's surface by something less than 7.5 degrees C.—13.5 degrees F. Now, when attention is directed to the exact observations made at eighty nine stations in the north temperate zone and when these are compared with the results of many previous years it is found that a definite fall of more than 2 degrees did actually occur, nor is it possible to conceive what influence, not solar, could have produced this rapid and simultaneous reduction of temperatures over the whole north temperate zone and continued operative for so long a period. While we remain ignorant of the cause of this solar change we cannot make any predictions as to its persistence or possible accentuation. All we can conclude is that our tenure of this 'lukewarm bullet' is perhaps not so certain as some of us have thought."

NEW BOOK SUPPORT.

The Latest Invention In a Popular Patent Field.

The number of patents on book supports does not seem to diminish. We show herewith one of the latest inventions in this line. As described in the Scientific American it comprises two leaves, hinged together, one of which is secured to an adjustable standard. The other leaf carries a stop piece, against which a book may be supported. When desired the occupant of the chair may push his book or writing



SUPPORT FASTENED TO CHAIR.

material on to the relatively stationary leaf and then fold over the movable leaf thereon, so that his work will always be handy when the occupant resumes his seat.

The book stop on the movable leaf causes a space to be formed between the leaves when the book support is folded. The book support is provided with the usual vertical and angle adjusting devices and is secured to the chair by a clamp.

Cocoanut Butter.

A new butter is now being made from the milk of the cocoanut. This milk when subjected to a temperature of over 28 C. runs into a yellow oil, which is imported in great quantities from India and Africa. The better qualities of it are obtained from Ceylon, Cochin China and Australia. The nut produces 60 per cent of oil, and one acre of land planted with cocoanut trees would produce over 400 pounds of oil. This has hitherto been used for fats for soap or for machinery oil and the better qualities employed in the manufacture of textile goods. In France this oil is now subjected to a special treatment and converted into butter.

Milk Powder.

A process has recently been patented in Canada for the manufacture of milk powder, which consists of mixing with milk a sufficient quantity of milk salts to render the albumen soluble, such as 1 per cent of nitrate of calcium and phosphate of potassium. The milk is then evaporated and noncrystalline sugar is added in a proportion of about 1 to 2 per cent of the weight of the milk in order to prevent decomposition.

Coin In the Slot Mail Box.

A coin in the slot machine has been introduced in Australia—that land of experiment and innovation—in the shape of a mail collection box arranged so that if a letter be dropped into one opening and a penny into another the words "One Penny Paid" are impressed on a corner of the envelope.

WHY AND WHEREFORE

Of the Reversal of the Local Option Sentiment at Mt. Vernon.

EXPERIENCE OF TEMPERANCE TOWN

That City Went Dry Two Years Ago But at Recent Elections the Wets Won — Diligent Efforts Were Made to Enforce the Law.

Mt. Vernon, O., May.—(Special.)—Because this city voted "wet" a few days since by an overwhelming majority, after it had gone "dry" two years ago by almost as large a majority, every community in the state is interested in the "why and wherefore" thereof. Two years ago the "drys" carried Mt. Vernon by a majority of 249 on the promise that the tax rate would be lowered and that prohibition would be given a fair trial. This time the "wets" won a victory with 279 votes to spare, after it had been demonstrated that "prohibition did not prohibit" and that taxes were higher. The "wets" had a majority in every precinct in the municipality except two, and in those the "drys" had a majority of only 17.

The novelty of the "dryness" was attractive at the outset, but when store rooms and dwellings became vacant and business men complained of dull times, it was apparent that a change was needed. The taxpayers were more than ever impressed with the necessity of a change, from a business standpoint, when Mayor Gotshall advised council that a higher tax rate would be required to keep the city out of bankruptcy. In two years the rate of taxes increased from $28.90 to $34.40, and to preserve the city's credit, even with the increased tax rate, public improvements were reduced to the minimum.

That the dry period cost the city $16,000 in Dow taxes, no one will undertake to deny. The two years cost business men many thousands more. But the whole matter did not hinge upon this one of dollars and cents. The voters of this enterprising city took into consideration the moral condition of the city. The ballots indicated what is known to be true—that Mt. Vernon actually was more dissipated, and that there was more lawlessness during the "dry" period than ever before in the history of the municipality. The records of the mayor's court and of the county courts will prove this statement.

Mayor Gotshall said to the correspondent:

"In every case, without a single exception, there was a conviction. The sum of $770 was collected in fines in local option cases and paid into the city treasury during the last year, in addition to $1,000 in fines in cases which are now pending in the higher courts."

After the election Superintendent Wheeler of the Anti-Saloon league urged this excuse for the defeat of the drys: "Had the municipal authorities made the town dry, as was contemplated under the law, Mt. Vernon would have been dry today."

Mayor Gotshall replies to this in these words:

"I beg leave to state that Mt. Vernon was as dry for the last two years as any of his so-called and misnamed dry towns in Ohio, and that conditions in this city under the Beal law were pronounced by our local speakers durings our recent local option campaign as being satisfactory, and that they were well satisfied with the results of a two years' trial of local option, and appealed to the voters of this city for a continuance of the same. In assigning reasons for the defeat of local option in Mt. Vernon, Superintendent Wheeler should have paid at least some little homage to the star-eyed goddess of truth, who, whether intentionally or otherwise, was woefully slighted in his late interview."

Attorney William M. Koons comments upon the Wheeler statement as follows:

"Every prosecution brought before the mayor resulted in a conviction.

"Wheeler further says, 'but the people tired of a law that the officials would not enforce, that is the entire story.'

"This is another fling at the county officials, and I call attenton to the fact that nowhere in the United States can there be found an instance in which there has been a more untiring zealous and unwavering enforcement of the law as that witnessed in Knox county."

It was not necessary to tell the voters of Mt. Vernon of these things. They knew them. The moral question appealed strongly to them. They decided that it was not a question of "wet" or "dry," but of "wet" or "wet." It was a matter of the degree of "wetness." That is, whether the city was to have places where everybody knew a drink could be secured, or if the local option law should be further violated—if irresponsible persons should be permitted to smuggle wet goods into the city and sell them to young and old alike. The condition became so serious at one time that the school authorities called public attention to the stealthy and demoralizing drinking of children.

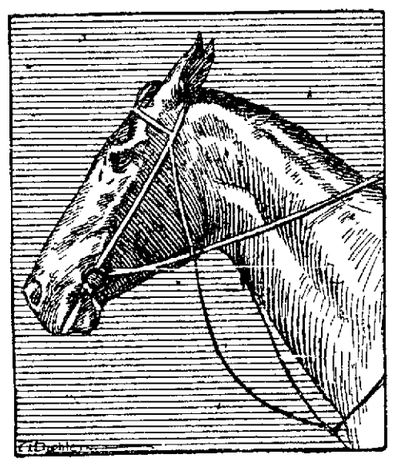
When it came time to vote, the citizens simply decided that they preferred open saloons, lower taxes, more public improvements and law and order to "speak easies," "bootleg" rumsellers, high taxes and a generally demoralized municipality.

Watch These Two Horses

First Water, Newton Bennington's Promising Two-year-old, Engaged In Rich Stakes---Beldame, Last Season's Champion.

The two most talked of horses in the country at present are First Water, the two-year-old colt for which Newton Bennington refused an offer of $30,000, and Beldame, the champion three-year-old of last year, which turfmen boom as the winner of several of the big stakes of the season.

First Water is a son of Watercress, James B. Haggin's greatest sire, and Sweet. Trainers who have watched



FIRST WATER, THE $30,000 BEAUTY.

the aristocratic youngster work for the last two weeks united in predicting that he will be close to the top when the season ends. First Water is the star of Newton Bennington's string, and he recently won the first two races in which he ever started.

He is under the care of Fred Burlew, the trainer who developed Beldame for her wonderful campaign last summer, and if the handling counts the Watercress colt will not lack for anything that will enable him to achieve a glorious career if the ability is within him.

The youngster came into Mr. Bennington's hands as a yearling at the Haggin sales held at Sheepshead Bay, New York, last summer. Even at that age he was big, handsome and attractive. His present owner paid a large sum, said to be $8,000 or $9,000, for the colt, in accordance with a desire to get together one of the strongest stables of two-year olds on the American turf.

First Water is superbly set up and moves like a coming champion. Even now he acts like a mature racer in his manner of going. He will be closely watched, and if he does not train into one of the best youngsters of the year the trainers around Gravesend, New York, will leave a large portion of their salaries with the layers of odds.

There is no finer looking race horse in the country than Beldame, and she well deserves the title of "queen of the turf." Large of frame, with the spirit of an eagle, the courage of a lion and the strength of a bear, this grand four-year-old filly is truly an equine amazon.

During the winter she gained flesh and filled out her massive frame, which was not fully developed as a three-year-old.

Thirty thousand dollars is a fabulous price for a colt that has faced the starter but once, no matter what he has shown in preliminary work. First Water is engaged in practically every rich stake on the eastern racing programme, and his possible winnings

BELDAME, FAVORITE FOR BIG STAKES.

foot up many times the amount that was offered for him. If he trains on into what is expected Bennington will have no reason to regret not letting him go.

Beldame has shown plenty of fire and dash in all her work. In fact, her desire to race has been so strong the last two months that it has been all that her exercise lad could do to prevent her from running away several times.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect it.

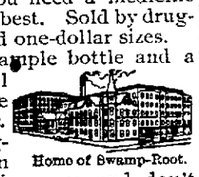
How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What To Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes.

You may have a sample bottle and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention this paper and don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Bear in mind that the want columns is a good investment.

THE CLEVELAND & BUFFALO TRANSIT COMPANY

C&B LINE

CONNECTING CLEVELAND and BUFFALO "WHILE YOU SLEEP"

UNPARALLELED NIGHT SERVICE—NEW STEAMERS "CITY OF BUFFALO" AND "CITY OF ERIE"

Both together being, without doubt, in all respects the finest and fastest that are run in the interest of the traveling public in the United States.

TIME CARD - DAILY INCLUDING SUNDAY

LEAVE	ARRIVE
Cleveland 8 p.m.	Buffalo 6:30 a.m.
Buffalo 8 p.m.	Cleveland 6:30 a.m.

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME
ORCHESTRA ACCOMPANIES EACH STEAMER

Connections made at Buffalo with trains for all Eastern and Canadian points; at Cleveland for Toledo, Detroit and all points West and Southwest.

Tickets reading over L.S. & M.S. Ry. will be accepted on this Company's Steamers without extra charge.

Special Low Rates Cleveland to Buffalo and Niagara Falls every Saturday Night, also Buffalo to Cleveland.

Ask Ticket Agents for tickets via C.&B. Line. Send four cents for illustrated pamphlet.

W. F. HERMAN, G. P. A., Cleveland, Ohio

FOR SALE!

THE REMPIS CEMENT BLOCK MACHINES

Paid. Feb. 11, 1905

A Good One. Made by

The Rempis & Gallmeyer Foundry Co.

60 N. Front St., Grand Rapids Mich. Write us. It will pay you.

TRAVELERS' REGISTER.

Pittsb'gh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago R'y
Pennsylvania Lines.

Time Table of Passenger Trains-Cent'l Time

Westward.	23	9	15	41	31	407
	AM	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM
Pittsb'gh lv.	*3 15	*7 00	*6 30	15 00	*3 35	11 45
Beaver Falls.. "	.....	8 03	7 26	6 23	2 37	12 2
Columbiana.. "	.....	.....	.....	7 43	3 40	..
Leetonia.. "	.....	9 02	.....	7 52	3 46	1 1
Salem.. "	....	9 15	8 33	8 08	4 00	1 2
Alliance.. "	5 35	9 40	8 55	9 05	4 40	1 4
Maximo.. "	.....	.....	.....	9 17	4 55	..
Louisville.. "	...	...	...	9 26	5 07	..
Canton.. "	6 07	10 11	9 27	9 38	5 24	2 1
Massillon.. "		10 28	9 42	9 53	5 42	2 3
Lawrence.. "		....	....	10 06	5 55	..
Burton City "		...	...	10 11	6 00	..
Orrville.. "		10 54	10 04	10 20	6 15	3 0
Smithville.. "		..	..	10 26	6 25	..
Wooster.. "		11 12	10 22	10 36	6 35	3 1
Shreve.. "				10 52	6 55	..
Big Prairie.. "				11 02	7 02	..
Lakeville.. "				11 10	7 10	..
Loudonville.. "				11 24	7 22	3 4
Perrysville.. "				11 33	7 30	..
Ar. Mansfield.. "			35	11 45	7 46	..
Lv. Mansfield.. "	8 00	12 16	11 24	PM 12 00	8 05	4 1
Crestline.. ar.	8 45	12 45	11 50	12 55	12 25	PM 7 0
Pittsburg.. lv.	..	1 08	12 13	3 17	PM	7 3
Alliance.. "	10 24	2 38	1 40	5 05		9 ..
Wellsville.. "		3 20	2 22	5 55		10 ..
Ft. Wayne.. ar.	21 50	4 10	3 15	7 00		11 ..
Ft. Wayne.. lv.		5 23	4 29	8 27		1 ..
Chicago.. ar.	1 29	6 04	5 08	9 10		2 ..
Valparaiso.. "		7 11	6 06			3 ..
Chicago.. ar.	4 00	8 45	7 35			5 ..
	PM	PM	AM	PM		PM

Eastward.	22	8	6	36	30	
	PM	PM	AM	AM	AM	
Chicago.. lv.	*1 00	*3 00	*11 45	..	12 30	
Valparaiso.. "	2 27	4 36	1 43	..	9 20	
Wellsmouth.. "	3 29	5 40	3 00	5 50	10 30	
Wellsaw.. "	4 06	6 18	3 53	6 34	11 15	
Ft. Wayne.. ar.	5 10	7 40	5 15	7 50	12 30	
Ft. Wayne.. lv.	6 03	8 38	6 27	8 55	1 55	
Huntington.. "	6 49	9 30	7 21	9 41	2 51	
Peru.. "	8 19	11 15	9 24	11 29	4 44	32 408
Marion.. "	8 50	11 50	10 00	11 55	5 25	AM AM
Bucyrus.. "	9 13	12 15	10 27	AM	5 50	6 00 12 40
Galion.. "			10 37		6 03	6 11 ..
Crestline.. "			10 48		6 15	6 24 ..
Orrville.. "			10 57		6 24	6 31 ..
Wooster.. "			11 10		6 38	6 42 ..
Shreve.. "			11 14		6 42	6 45 ..
Lake.. "			11 25		6 54	6 54 ..
Doylestown.. "	x	1 15	11 41		7 10	7 12 1 2.. 4
Smithville.. "			12 16		7 22	7 24 ..
Burton.. "	10 30	1 40	12 31		7 35	7 40 1 5.. 4
Middlefield.. "			12 36		7 41	7 48 ..
Orwell.. "			12 42		7 47	7 51 ..
Jefferson.. "	10 52	2 06	12 57		8 03	8 06 2 17 5
Conneaut.. "	11 10	2 27	1 16		8 23	8 24 2 32 5
Girard.. "			1 29		k..	8 40 .. ..
Warren.. "			k..		k..	8 55 .. ..
Niles.. "	11 45	3 06	2 15		9 00	9 35 3 15 6
Orwell.. "	12 06	3 27	2 44		PM	10 06 3 38 6
Andover.. "			2 56			10 18 .. ..
Conneaut.. "			3 06			10 25 .. ..
Ashtabula.. "			3 16			10 30 .. ..
Cleveland.. ar.	4 37		4 40			11 30 .. 7
PITTSBURG.. "	2 15	5 50	5 30			1 00 5 55 8
	AM	AM	PM			PM AM PM

x Leaving Crestline at 7 00 a. m. for Chicago is No. 3. 24 leaves Chicago *7 30 p. m. Orrville 4 12 a. m., Canton 5 03 a. m. arrives Pittsburgh *7 45 a. m.

405 leaves Alliance 10 55 p. m. daily, Canton 11 25 p. m. at Massillon, Orrville and Wooster on flag for passengers for Mansfield and points west. Arrives Mansfield 1 25 a. m.

daily. †Ex Sunday. vStops on notice to conductor to discharge passengers. kFlag stop to let off passengers from stations west of Canton and take on passengers for points east of Alliance. xFlag stop to let off passengers from west of Crestline.

No. 34 leaves Mansfield Sundays only 6 25 a. m.; arrives Pittsburgh 12 40 p. m.

Dark Face Type denotes time from 12 noon to 12 midnight. Light face, from 12 midnight to 12 noon.

At Orrville, connection is made with C., A. & C. Ry. train for Cleveland by **Nos. 6, 8, 24, 32, 36, 403** and **41** and for Columbus by **Nos. 6, 30, 15, 31, 32** and **41. Nos. 23, 15, 403** and **8** connect at Mansfield with trains over the Toledo Division for Tiffin and Toledo. **No. 6** connects at Alliance for Niles and Youngstown.

G. L. PECK, General Manager. SAMUEL MOODY, Gen'l Pass'r Agt. E. A. FORD, Pass'r Traffic Mgr.
2-7-05-C PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

W. & L. E. R. R.-Wabash System.

Effective May 7. Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

EAST.	WEST.
No. *16...3.25 a.m.	No. †21...6:43 a.m.
No. *30...6:10 a.m.	No. * 3..10:00 a.m.
No. †20...9:32 p.m.	No. *15...3:55 p.m.
No. * 2...1:27 p.m.	No. *19..10:34 p.m.
†Daily ex Sunday.	No. *31...8.55 p.m.

*Daily.

No. 30 through train for Cleveland, arriving 9:15 a. m., returning leave Cleveland daily except Sunday at 5:45 p. m. Sundays only, 7:30 p. m.

Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

Time table effective Nov. 27, 1904

EAST Read Down.	†14	†16	†10	†2	§44
	A M	A M	P M	P M	P M
Cleveland		7 40	1 00	5 30	6 00
Liverpool		8 12		6 29	6 57
Lester		8 46		6 42	7 10
Medina		8 55		6 57	7 22
Seville		9 14		7 21	7 46
Sterling		9 20		7 29	7 53
Easton		19 32		7 41	8 06
Ar. Akron		10 35	2 10		
Lv Akron U D	6 00	7 30	2 15		
Warwick	6 27	9 46	2 42	7 55	8 15
Canal Fulton	6 36	9 54	2 48	8 05	8 23
Massillon	6 58	10 15	3 07	8 25	8
Canal Dover	7 42	11 03	3 51		
N Philadelphia	7 56	11 10	3 57		
Uhrichsville	8 12	11 30	4 15		
Freeport	8 48	12 0	4 54		
Flushing	9 13	12 38	5 19		
Bridgeport	10 25	1 45	6 30		
		P			

WEST Read Up.	†3	†11	†17	†15	§41
	A M	A M	P M	P M	A M
Cleveland	8 50	11 5	6 15	9 50	10 05
Liverpool	7 51		5 25		9 12
Lester	7 38		5 14		9 02
Medina	7 28		5 01		8 49
Seville	6 59		4 37		8 28
Sterling	6 53		4 31		8 17
Easton	6 40		4 18		8 05
Ar. Akron		10 25		8 38	
Lv Akron U D	8 40	10 35		8 36	8 45
Warwick	6 27	10 40	4	55	7 58
Canal Fulton	6 18	10 48	4 01	7 38	7 45
Massillon	6 00	9 29	3 39	7 18	7 32
Canal Dover		8 42	2 55	6 31	
N Philadelphia		8 35	2 45	6 25	
Uhrichsville		8 12	2 29	6 07	
Freeport		7 40	1 56	5 29	
Flushing		7 16	1 29	4 57	
Bridgeport		6 15	12 20	3 40	

	†22	†26		†21	†35
	4 00	6 40	Lorain	9 50	6 20
	4 17	6 55	Elyria	9 31	5 59
	5 00	7 35	Lester	8 50	5 10

Main Line	Read down *14	*6	†8	†7	*15	†5	Read up.
	P M	P M	A M	P M	A M	A M	A M
Chicago	10 30	8 30	10 40	5 30	7 40	9 00	
Chicago Jc.	6 15A	11 25	5 45P	9 55A	1120P	1 50	
Sterling	7 50		7 15	8 18	9 42		
Warwick	8 15	1 17	7 40	5 57	9 18	12 01	
Akron	8 40	1 40	8 10	7 30	8 50	1186P	
			*10	*9			
Akron	8 50	1 47	2 15	11 40	8 36	11 30	
Pittsburg	2 15P	8 00	9 00	7 50	4 30	8 05	
Washington	2 42A	4 42P	6 30A	1 15P		1100A	
Baltimore	3 51	6 00	7 55	8 00		10 00	
Philadelphia	6 00	8 19	10 15	6 18		7 40	
New York	8 20	10 28	1223P	4 12		12 27	

*Sunday only. †Daily. ‡Except Sunday. f Flag stops. W. H. RUOH, Gen'l Pass'r Agent.

C. A. & C. Cleveland, Akron & Columbus R'y

Trains Run by Central Standard Time.

Southbound.	502	508	506	504
	a m	p m	p m	a m
CLEVELAND lv	*8 10	*1 30	*9 00	.....
Hudson	9 08	1 35	9 55	.....
AKRON ar	9 35	2 03	10 15	.....
AKRON lv	9 35	2 03	10 17	*4 30
Barberton	9 51	2 20	10 30	4 47
ORRVILLE ar	10 30	3 00	11 00	5 25
ORRVILLE lv	10 30	3 00	11 00	5 25
Millersburg	11 10	3 47	11 34	6 10
Mt. Vernon	12 30	5 10	12 45	7 25
COLUMBUS ar	*1 00	†6 40	†5	8 50
	p m	p m	a m	

Northbound.	507	503	505	505
	a m	a m	p m	p m
COLUMBUS lv	*12 40	*7 15	*12 01	*5 25
Mt. Vernon	2 10	8 48	1 27	7 00
Millersburg	3 20	10 06	2 42	8 20
ORRVILLE ar	4 05	10 53	3 28	9 12
ORRVILLE lv	4 15	11 0	3 3	9 12
Barberton	4 48	11 30	4 05	10 00
AKRON ar	5 05	11 50	4 25	
AKRON lv	5 15	11 50	4 25	
Hudson	5 50	12 20	4 55	
CLEVELAND ar	*6 50	*1 20	*5 50	.....
	a m	p m	p m	p m

Train for Warsaw, Trinway, Zanesville and intermediate stations on Dresden Branch leaves Millersburg, 11:10 a m week days.
*Every day. †Week days only.

For particulars see nearest C., A. & C. ticket agent or communicate with Geo. W. Weedon, District Passenger Agent Cleveland, O.

W. & L. E Sunday Excursions.

One fare for the round trip to all points on the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad every Sunday.

— Try Our —

Ice Cream Soda Water

With True Fruit Flavors.

5 Cents a Glass.

Rider & Snyder, DRUGGISTS, No. 12 E. Main St.

ESTERBROOK STEEL PENS

THE STANDARD PENS EVERYWHERE. 150 Styles Fine, Medium and Broad Points. Sold by All Stationers.

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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AUGUST DRAGE KILLED BY CAVE-IN

John Borrell Injured and Five Others Narrowly Escape.

HIGH STREET THE SCENE.

Drage, Borrell and Five Other Workmen Were in the Sixteen Foot Excavation When the West Wall Moved In, Catching Drage and Instantly Killing Him.

August Drage, 20 years of age, was instantly killed, John Borrell was slightly squeezed and five other workmen had narrow escapes from death in a cave-in of the sixteen foot sanitary sewer excavation at the corner of High and East Main streets at 8:30 o'clock Monday morning.

Drage was caught after having crawled about half way up the side of the cribbing. His head and hand protruded above the earth which fell in upon him, but death was caused by the squeeze resulting from the slipping of the jacks as the west cribbing was forced towards the east wall. Spectators say that Drage was killed instantly. He made no outcry.

John Borrell, who was within four feet of Drage when the cavein occurred, jumped for one of the jacks which support the cribbing, swinging to another and getting out after a narrow escape. He was caught once and squeezed slightly. For a time it looked as though Borrell too would be a victim of the cavein, but by sheer strength he pulled himself loose from the grip of the cribbing and swung into safety just as the final crash came. Borrell did not see Drage's efforts to save himself. The five other men who were working in the north end of the excavation did not see Drage caught as the dirt had fallen and the cribbing swung together before their attention was attracted in that direction. They hastily scrambled out of their perilous positions and were not injured.

Judging from Drage's position when caught, and in which he remained during the time that the frenzied workmen were shoveling away the gravel and attempting to get at his body, it is evident that he attempted to climb upwards, much as did Borrell, by gripping the jacks. It is at the very narrowest place that he was caught. Five feet lower the cribbing forms a triangular space into which the dead man could have crawled without being hurt. Had Drage but known of this or attempted to save himself by dropping to the ground he probably would have escaped.

The contract work is being done by the local firm of Neidlinger & Kraft. No blame is to be attached to the firm, as every precaution was taken against just such an accident. Only new timbers were used in the cribbing and jacks were used to prevent caveins. The earth just at this point is loose, owing to the fact that it has been moved so frequently. The terrific pressure on the two-inch cribbing props supported as they were by iron jacks, can hardly be understood without a look at the scene of the accident. It is evident that when the slide started a jack probably twisted loose and gave the moving earth a start, which when once started could not be stopped.

As soon as the accident occurred John & Hollinger's ambulance was telephoned for, and willing hands took hold of the numerous shovels lying around to begin the work of rescue. A short examination, however, showed that this work was useless, as but one man, Drage, had been caught and his body had been crushed so quickly that he was already beyond human aid. Drage's head, with his cap still on, protruded above the gravel which fell in, and made a horrible sight for the hundreds of spectators who flocked to the scene of the accident. At first it was reported that four men had been caught in the cavein. Then when Drage's head was seen protruding above the earth with his foot twisted around in a peculiar shape it seemed that there must be at least two men in the death hole. A quick investigation, however, showed that all of the seven men, with Drage's exception, were accounted for.

Drage's death is particularly sad, inasmuch as he had only started work on the sewer Monday morning. Within three hours after taking up his new duties he was dead. The deceased is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Julius Drage, living in Kracker street. Two sisters with his parents survive him. He was a member of St. Paul's Lutheran church, and the funeral, announcement of which will be made later, will be conducted by the Rev. L. H. Burry, pastor of that church.

Borrell, whose escape from the same fate is considered miraculous, was seen by an Independent representative within a few minuets after the accident. He had practically recovered from the effcets of his squeeze and was sitting at the foot of a tree within a few feet of the excavation. When asked how the accident occurred he could give only an indefinite account. "Drage was four feet in front of me and shoveling," he said. "I was laying pipe back of him. At first the cavein started slowly, and we didn't pay any attention to it. Then it came all of a sudden and I jumped for a jack, pulled myself up and swung onto another and out."

W. R. Coleman, who was a spectator to the accident, says that Borrell was caught and pinched by the cribbing and that at one time he was buried under three feet of gravel, but extricated himself. Borrell was too nervous to recall connectedly the exact details. He said that he did not remember having seen Drage start out, having turned and faced south in his jump for life.

The body was removed from the excavation at 12 o'clock and taken to the John & Hollinger undertaking rooms, where acting Coroner Spidle viewed the body. No verdict was given as to the cause of death, but it is expected that an inquest will be held Tuesday morning, after which a verdict will be announced.

COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

Massillon People Interested in Divorce Cases.

Canton, May 8.—The board of county commissioners, at the meeting Monday morning, received a petition from Fred Albright and others asking that the private road south of Massillon, in Perry township, and running west to Tuscarawas township, be widened and made into a county road. The petition was filed and will be considered at the next regular session of the commissioners in June. The commissioners granted the prayer of John E. Sibila and others for the alteration of a road in Lawrence township. The alteration proposed shortens the roadway and cuts off a hill

Mary Goulden, of Massillon, has entered suit in common pleas court for a divorce from James Goulden. The couple were married November 21, 1897, and have two children, Catherine, aged 7 years, and Thomas, aged 5 years. Plaintiff alleges extreme cruelty and gross neglect as grounds for divorce, and asks for the custody of the children and alimony. A temporary injunction was allowed by Judge Ambler restraining the defendant from interfering with the plaintiff or disposing of personal property. Attorney R. A. Pinn represents the plaintiff.

Nannie Beal, of Massillon, was granted a divorce from Charles Beal by Judge Ambler in common pleas court Monday morning. The decree was allowed on the grounds of infidelity. The plaintiff was also given the custody of their child. The case was tried at the January term of court and concluded Monday morning when additional evidence was furnished. Attorney A. C. Eggert represented the plaintiff.

MRS. THOMPSON IN JAIL.

Former Massillon Resident in Contempt of Court.

Mrs. Jessie Thompson, a former resident of Massillon, now living in Bellevue, is having trouble over a lawsuit in the Huron county courts. She is the wife of the late Carl W. Thompson, a W. & L. E. brakeman, who was killed a few months ago as his train was nearing Massillon, after making a run from Toledo. Mrs. Thompson moved to Bellevue after the death of Mr. Thompson. A dispatch from Norwalk says:

"There has come another tangle to the Weiher-Thompson lawsuit from Bellevue, and as a result the defendant, Mrs. Jessie Thompson, is in the Huron county jail for contempt of court A few weeks ago Val Weiher, who sold a house and lot in Bellevue to Mrs. Thompson, obtained a judgment in common pleas court for $2,950, the amount due on the contract for the sale of the property. Efforts to ascertain the whereabouts of Mrs. Thompson's money were unavailing, and proceedings in aid of execution were begun in the probate court, the hearing being set for Friday morning. When asked in court where her money was, Mrs. Thompson repeatedly refused to answer. Finally Judge Suhr adjudged her to be in contempt of court and ordered her confined in jail, where she says she will stay a hundred years before she will tell where her money is.

"Mrs Thompson's husband was employed by the W. & L. E. as a brakeman and was killed some time ago. His widow obtained $3,000 from his life insurance and about $3 000 more from the W. & L. E. company."

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss
LUCAS COUNTY.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this sixth day of December, A. D 1886. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
(Seal)
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free. F J CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation

Bi-Bi is coming. Armory 25 and 26.

AN INCREASE IN WAGES IS GIVEN

Better Pay for Motormen and Conductors on C.-A. Lines.

CHANGE IN EFFECT ON MAY 15.

Employes in Interurban Service to Receive an Increase of One Cent an Hour, Which Will be Permanent—City Men Get Increase Good Until Sept. 15.

The wage scale for motormen and conductors on the Canton-Akron railway was settled at an early hour Sunday morning, when at a meeting in Canton, the employes of the company, as members of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes, accepted a proposition made by Manager Dimmock, of the company. The proposition was made by Mr. Dmmock only after several conferences had been held by him and the executive committee of the association. Over two hundred employes were at the meeting. Rezin Orr, international treasurer of the association, was also present. After the association had discussed the proposition about an hour, the announcement was made that it had been accepted and that peace and harmony prevailed beween the company and the employes.

A substantial increase is given the employes by the new schedule of prices, which will go into effect May 15. Motormen and conductors on the interurban cars will receive an increase of one cent per hour with the same schedule of promotion as before. The motormen and conductors on cars in Massillon and Canton will receive an increase of one cent an hour which, according to the agreement just made, will be in force only between May 15 and September 15. The city men will be considered of the fourth class, or the class receiving the highest pay, after eighteen months' service instead of two years' service, as at present. This change will be in effect after May 15.

The old scale for city men was 17½ cents per hour for first six months, 18 cents for second six months, 19 cents for second year, and 20 cents thereafter. Until May 15 this schedule will prevail: 17½ cents for first six months, 18 cents for second six months, 19 cents for third six months, and 20 cents thereafter. On May 15 the increase of one cent per hour goes into effect, as follows: 18½ cents for first six months, 19 cents for second six months, 20 cents for third six months and 21 cents thereafter until September 15.

After May 15 interurban employes will receive a straight one cent increase on the present scale, given herewith: 18½ cents for first six months, 19 cents for second six months, 20 cents for second year and 21 cents thereafter.

Two meetings of employes were held Saturday, one in the afternoon and the other after the cars had been taken to the barns at midnight. Each was held in Canton. It was after the nigh meeting that the announcement was made that the company and employes had come to an agreement. The new scale of wages for the interurban service is permanent. As to the city men's scale of wages there will be another conference in the fall. The employes did not receive all they asked from the company but did receive an increase over the old prices.

OBITUARY.

FERDINAND RESS.

Ferdinand Ress, aged 56 years last Christmas day, died at the family home in Second street of dropsy at 12:20 o'clock Monday afternoon, after an illness of six weeks. Mr. Ress was born in Massillon and lived here all his life. He was a blacksmith in the employ of The Russell & Company and had been connected with that firm for many years. The deceased is survived by his wife and six children: Edward, Ferdinand and Clarence Ress, Mrs. Dora Reynolds and Mrs. Arline Shertzer, of Massillon, and Mrs. Isabella Willis, of Canton.

SPECIAL LOW RATES.

To all points in Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and British Columbia, March 1st to May 15th, 1905. Round Trip Homeseekers' Tickets on special days. Write at once for information and maps to Ira F. Schwegel, Traveling Agent, Wisconsin Central Ry, 407 Traction Bldg. Cincinnati, O.

For Over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty five cents a bottle.

Excursions to Colorado, June 29th to July 3d, via Pennsylvania Lines.

Special low fares to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, account International Epworth League Convention. Good time for health and pleasure seekers to visit famous Rocky Mountain resorts. Get full information from ticket agents of Pennsylvania lines.

THROWN FROM CAR.

John Mausz, Jr., Hurt on the Way to Canton Sunday.

John Mausz, jr., eight years old, the oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. John Mausz, of Locust street, was thrown from the rear platform of an interurban car on the Canton-Akron line a short distance east of the Meyer's lake junction Sunday afternoon. The accident was caused by a rear end collision. Young Mausz was seriously bruised, but no bones were broken.

Mrs. Mausz and two younger children were inside the car, and because of the crowded condition the other son was permitted to stand on the rear platform by the conductor. After the junction had been passed by the interurban car going into Canton, a car running light from Meyer's lake ran into the big car. Young Mausz was thrown to the pavement in the accident. No other person on the car was injured. He was taken to a physician's office in Canton and the injuries cared for. The accident happened at 2:30 o'clock. Later in the evening he was brought to the family home in this city.

On Monday he was resting comfortably, although suffering considerable pain from the bruises. It is not known yet whether or not there are any internal injuries.

OLD CHURCH IS DISMANTLED.

Foundation Stones are Being Taken Up.

CHAPEL IS NOT YET MOVED.

The Amphion Chorus Has Until May 17 to Have the Building Moved—Rubbish Has Been Hauled Away and Good Timbers Piled Along the Street.

The dismantling of the Presbyterian church has been completed as far as the woodwork is concerned and Monday afternoon the debris was cleared away to permit the taking up of the foundation stones. These are heavy cut blocks and will be cleaned and stored away. The entire work of tearing down the framework has been accomplished without a single mishap and much of the broken woodwork has been hauled from the church grounds. The timbers and other material which can be used in other buildings has been piled up along the sidewalks. The sills were partly removed Monday afternoon and were found to be in a good state of preservation, notwithstanding they have been in use many years.

The most difficult undertaking in dismantling the church was the lowering of the seventy-five foot brick chimney. When the workmen were ready to take this down, it was found to be in a very tottering condition. It could not be drawn over by ropes because of a lack of space in the vicinity for it to fall. It was necessary to take the greater part of it down brick by brick. A ladder was run up for about fifty feet and the remainder of the distance climbed by means of ropes.

The ground where the old church stood will be cleared of all debris by another week. Contractor Converse hopes to have the foundation taken away by Saturday and but a day or two will be needed to clear away the rubbish. The Amphion chorus has been notified that it is expected to have the chapel moved from its present location by May 17. At present the chorus committee has not secured sufficient money to purchase the lot desired as a location at the corner of Plum and Prune streets and also pay for the moving of the chapel. The committee will, however, proceed with the work and will make temporary arrangements to raise the required amount. Subscriptions will be solicited further.

Sunday services of the Presbyterian congregation were held in the Trades and Labor Assembly hall and will be continued there each Sunday until further notice. Both the morning and evening services Sunday were well attended. The Wednesday evening prayer meeting is held in conjunction with the prayer meeting in the First M. E. church.

Interest has developed concerning whether or not there is a corner stone of the old church and if there is, where it is located. The foundation was built fifty-three years ago and there are very few now living who remember the event. It is thought by those particularly interested that there is a stone containing a record of some nature, and the workingmen have been instructed to watch carefully and report to the trustees if one should be found.

There's no beauty in all the land
That can with her face compare,
Her lips are red, her eyes are bright,
She takes Rocky Mountain Tea at night. Z. T. Baltzly.

FRESH RECIPES.

Out of the Ordinary Items For Your Luncheon or Dinner Menu.

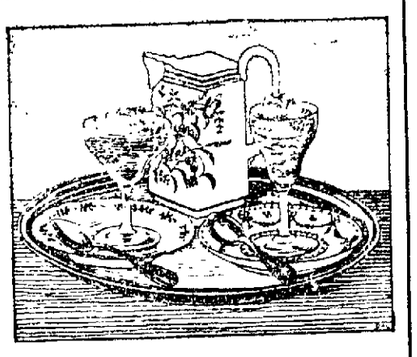
Even so commonplace an article as hominy is transformed into a dish worthy of the main place in a luncheon when prepared according to these directions of the Boston Cooking School Magazine, which is also the source of the other recipes given here.

Wash half a cup of hominy in cold water, drain and add a pint of canned tomato pressed through a sieve, half a teaspoonful of salt and a dash of paprika. Let it cook over boiling water until tender, then stir in one or two tablespoonfuls of butter and turn into a shallow dish to cool. When cold, but not too firm, shape into cylinders, roll in sifted breadcrumbs, then cover with egg and roll again in the crumbs. Fry to a golden yellow in deep fat. Serve hot, with cheese sauce, for luncheon, or, without sauce, as an accompaniment to game or roast mutton or pork.

Cheese Sauce.—Melt two tablespoonfuls of butter. Cook in this two tablespoonfuls of flour, one-fourth a teaspoonful of salt and a dash of paprika, then let it cook while gradually adding one cup of milk. Let it boil three or four minutes, then stir in from one-fourth to one-half a cup of grated cheese.

Baked Bananas.—These are an entree with roast or broiled meats, particularly lamb and mutton. Select five bananas of small size. Pull down a section of the skin of each banana, loosen the pulp from the skin, remove the coarse threads that adhere to the pulp and return the pulp to the original position. Lay the fruit thus prepared in an agate pan and bake until the skins are blackened and the pulp softened. Remove the pulp from the skin without injuring its shape, bend each on the serving dish into a half circle, pour sultana sauce over it and serve at once.

Sultana Sauce.—Pick the stems from half a cup of sultana raisins, wash and set them to cook in boiling water, renewing the supply when needed. When



PRUNE WHIP WITH BOILED CUSTARD.

tender there should be a cup of water. Add half a cup of sugar and a teaspoonful of cornstarch diluted with cold water and let simmer ten minutes. Add a tablespoonful of butter and the juice of half a lemon.

Prune Whip.—This makes a sweet dish for luncheon or dinner. Wash ten prunes and let them lie overnight in cold water. Cook until tender, then press through a sieve. Add a second fourth of a cup of sugar and let cook until thick. Have ready the whites of two fresh eggs, beaten dry. Cut and fold these into the hot prune mixture. When the eggs are cooked remove from the fire and set aside to become cold. Serve with boiled custard.

Boiled Custard.—Scald a cup and a half of milk over hot water. Beat the yolks of two eggs, then beat again with one-fourth of a cup of sugar and few grains of salt. Gradually add a little of the hot milk, mix it roughly and turn into the double boiler. Cook and stir until thickened smoothly.

Cocoa, Cacao and Coca.

In the United States the taste for chocolate is growing with the greatest rapidity. Right here is a good place to settle the difference between the words cocoa, cacao and coca. Cocoa is the name of the palm tree which produces the cocoanut, a fruit too well known to every one to need description.

Cacao is the fruit of another tree which grows in tropical America and in some parts of Asia and Africa. It is from this tree that we obtain chocolate. The finest bean comes from Luzon, in the Philippine Islands.

Coca is the name given to a shrub of South America, the leaves of which are used by the natives to allay hunger and thirst and to deaden pain. From these we get cocaine.

An "All Over" Embroidery Design.

Lotos buds, singly or in groups of three, fleur-de-lis fashion, are very pleasing for a scatter or all over embroidery design, especially when they are wrought in shades of olive and dull blue, with red brown for the stems.

Notes From Good Housekeeping.

When onions are used for flavoring soups a deep, rich color and a pleasant flavor are obtained if the outside skin is well washed and left on.

For squeaking shoes insert an awl carefully between the layers of leather in the sole and with the machine oil can oil the sole through the little openings thus made.

With two quarts of gasoline on woolen clothes we removed two years of Chicago coal dust from a 9 by 12 foot Axminster rug, lifting the soot of the soft coal and calling back the original brightness.

It is said that a cayenne pepper sandwich will oftentimes induce sleep. It is made of cracker, buttered and sprinkled with the pepper and eaten just before retiring.

Righteous Indignation.

"Do you remember that $5 you borrowed of me last June?

"Well, I should say I did. I lent $2 of it to Jones, and the skunk hasn't paid me yet!"—Puck.

Convulsion, Fits, then Epilepsy.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine has been so successful in curing these brain-wrecking diseases that there is every reason to believe that even the most hopeless cases can be benefited, if not fully restored.

We will be pleased to refer any one thus afflicted to many who now enjoy the blessing of health, after years of hopeless suffering.

"I have a son that had brain fever when two years old, followed by fits of the worst type, and he was pronounced incurable. I spent hundreds of dollars for him, without relief. After about fifteen years he became so bad that we sent him to Longcliff hospital for the insane, at Logansport, Ind. He was there nearly three years, but he continued to grow worse, so we brought him home July 30, 1902, in an awful condition. He had lost his mind almost entirely. He hardly knew one of the family; could not even find his bed; was a total wreck. He had from 5 to 10 fits a day. We were urged to try Dr. Miles' Nervine, and before the first bottle was used, we could see a change for the better. We have given it to him ever since, and he has had but two very light spells since last August, 1903, and then he was not well other ways. We pronounce him cured, as he can work and go anywhere. If any one wishes to ask any questions concerning this, they are at liberty to do so."
E. H. BUNNELL, Lincoln, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it fails, he will refund your money.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind

Headaches Cured
With Glasses.

HAWVER,
Graduate Optician,
17 S Erie St. Massillon, O.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name this paper. Chichester Chemical Co. 1212 MADISON SQUARE, PHILA., PA.
Mention this paper.

Sheriff's Sale.

The State of Ohio, Stark County, ss.
Sarah A Glessner vs Martha E Glessner et al } Order of Sale

By virtue of an order of sale in partition issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed I will offer for sale at public auction at the door of the Court House, in the city of Canton, on

Saturday, May 13, 1905,

the following described real estate, to-wit: Situated in the city of Massillon, County of Stark and State of Ohio, and known as and being a part of lot number two hundred and seven (207), of Duncan, Wales & Skinner's addition to Massillon which lot is now known as lot number two hundred and fifty-six (256) of the City of Massillon according to the present schedule of the lots of said City, bounded as follows: Beginning at a point fifty (50) feet southwardly of the northeast corner of said lot and running thence southwardly along the west line of Prospect st 50 feet; thence westwardly parallel with Cherry street one hundred and fifty (150) feet; thence northerly parallel with Prospect street fifty (50) feet and the ce eastwardly parallel with Cherry street 150 feet to the place of beginning, and being the same premises conveyed by Charles G. Skinner and wife to Mary Mong, by deed dated October 4th, A. D., 1882, and recorded in volume 39, page 555 of the Stark County deed records.

Appraised at $1,800 00

TERMS:—One third cash, one-third in one year and one-third in two years, with interest and notes secured by mortgage on the premises

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

FRANK McKINNEY, sheriff.

McCaughey & Eggert, attorneys.

PHYSICAL CULTURE FESTIVAL.

3,000 German Athletes to Hold Turnfest at Indianapolis.

The North American Gymnastic Union, the largest physical culture organization in the world, will hold its annual festival at the Indiana state fair ground, Indianapolis, June 21 to 25 Teams and whole societies, some including 400 people, will participate, and there will be events which will show the entire 3,000 in beautiful formations. Every state in the union will send contestants, and there will be teams from England, Germany, Holland and Italy. There will be a day pageant, including many expensive floats, and a torchlight procession will also take place. The citizens of Indianapolis will spend $25,000 in entertaining visitors. One fare plus 25 cents for round trip on all railroads, tickets good going June 20 23 and returning until 27th. This will be the great out-door event of the year. Tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines June 20 to 23, inclusive. For particulars apply to local ticket agents of the Pennsylvania Lines.

German Baptist Brethren Excursions to Bristol, Tenn., via Pennsylvania Lines

June 1st, 2d and 3d, account annual conference. Tickets for members of Standing Committee and their families on sale May 29th, 30th and 31st. For information about fares, trains and stop-overs, apply to ticket agents of Pennsylvania lines.

It pays to try our Want Columns.

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WELCOME TO DENVER

President Enjoys Hospitality of American Switzerland's Capital.

STARTED EAST THIS MORNING

Colorado Towns Collect Their Population at Railroad to Cheer Chief Executive as He Passes Through. Some Treated to Short Speech.

Denver, May 9.—The entertainment of President Roosevelt by the citizens of Denver last night was a fitting conclusion of a day of royal welcome as he journeyed through Colorado from Glenwood Springs to Denver. At the towns along the Denver and Rio Grande railroad, over which the presidential party traveled, crowds of their population at the stations to greet the president and every evidence of hearty good will was seen and heard.

The crowning event was the banquet tendered to President Roosevelt by the Denver chamber of commerce at the Brown Palace hotel. It was a sumptuous affair and the president was visibly pleased by the picture that unfolded itself to his eyes as he entered the dining hall. Everything known to the decorator's art was called into use to embellish the commodious banquet hall. The usual streamers and shields interspersed with pictures of the presidents and framed in flags, adorned the walls, and on the tables American beauty roses added color to the scene. Hothouse plants were lavishly distributed throughout the hall, lending an effective green. Turning to the corridors strains of orchestra music blended in beautiful melody.

The banquet began at 8 o'clock and continued until 11 o'clock, when the president was escorted to the private car "Rocket," which he almost immediately retired to await his departure for Chicago at 7 o'clock a. m.

At 9:30 o'clock the last course of the dinner was finished and President James S. Temple of the chamber of commerce called the guests to order and introduced Chief Justice William H. Gabbert, who was toastmaster. In a brief speech Judge Gabbert introduced the president, who arose amid cheers and applause. He responded to the toast, "The Nation." He was followed by Governor Jesse McDonald, who spoke of "The State," and Mayor Robert W. Speer, who responded to the toast, "The City." Senator Thomas M. Patterson then spoke to the toast, "The President."

At the conclusion of the speech making the 500 participants in the banquet sang choruses. Then all surrounded the president and escorted him to his rooms in the hotel where they shook hands and bade him "Good night" and cheered for several minutes. Shortly afterwards the president and his party entered their cars for the night.

GALLOWS GETS RUDOLPH.

Murderer of Pinkerton Detective Is Hanged at Union, Mo.

Union, Mo., May 9.—William Rudolph expiated on the gallows his share in the murder of Pinkerton Detective Charles J. Schumacher, who was shot and killed Jan 22, 1903, while heading a posse which attempted to capture Rudolph and his pal, George Collins, at the former's home near Staunton, Mo., for looting the Union bank.

Collins was tried at Union, convicted and hanged March 26, 1904. On the same day Rudolph was convicted. Many appeals were made, ending with a final but futile effort to carry the case to the United States supreme court.

Rudolph strangled three minutes before being pronounced dead. His mother and stepfather bade him farewell in his cell, after which Rudolph announced that he was ready to go. Rudolph walked to the scaffold with a firm step. He said nothing after leaving his cell.

MILLIONAIRE DUKE DEAD.

Founder of American Tobacco Trust Reaches Inevitable End.

Durham, N. C., May 9.—Washington Duke, the millionaire tobacco manufacturer, founder of the American Tobacco company, is dead here after a protracted illness, age 84. With him when he died were his three sons, Brodie L. Duke of Durham; J. B. Duke, president of the American Tobacco company, of New York, and B. N. Duke, also of New York.

Washington Duke and his three sons rose from poverty to the possession of fortunes estimated at several millions of dollars each within a period of 40 years. They began with the manufacture of tobacco in a small way in the country near Durham, where he was born. Some years ago his plant went into the American Tobacco company, J. B. Duke becoming president of the new company.

One-Armed Priest May Celebrate Mass.

Rome, May 9.—Father Martin, general of the order of Jesus, is recovering from the recent amputation of his arm. Pope Pius has given him a special dispensation to celebrate mass without his right arm.

2,500 Machinists Out on Strike.

Toronto, Ont., May 9.—The Grand Trunk railway machinists from Montreal to Port Huron, Mich., are out on strike. Twenty-five hundred men are involved.

FIGHTING A FOREST FIRE.

Four Massachusetts Towns Struggling Against Devastating Flames.

Plymouth, Mass., May 9.—One thousand men struggled last night with the forest fire which, starting near here four days ago, has extended into four towns, and shifting frequently with the wind, has threatened one settlement and then another.

The front of the fire extends two miles, while its side lines reach back six miles. It has laid waste 75 square miles and is by no means under control. Nothing but a heavy rain will stay the flames. The land burned over includes valuable tracts of timber and thousands of cords of cut wood. Some small buildings have been burned, but the fire fighters have saved the villages near the fire zone.

A northeast wind that early saved Rocky Nook, a settlement in the eastern part of Kingston, turned the flames backward, driving them again through Kingston into the town of Carver. At noon the wind changed and the fire turned again, encircling Indian pond, between the towns of Kingston and Plympton, and reaching to the very doorsteps of the hundred homes at Indian Pond village. Here the hardest battle of the day was fought. The villagers had removed their household goods and prepared for flight. All hours work saved the town.

MORGAN'S LONDON HOME.

It Will Be Vast Storehouse of Priceless Art Treasures.

London, May 9.—J. Pierpont Morgan's new house is almost completed and the stupendous task of unpacking and arranging his thousands of art treasures is about to begin. At present most of them are stacked away in the old house, but in a day or two the pictures will be hung and it is hoped that Mr. Morgan will be there to superintend, for no matter how carefully and artistically things may be done, should the slightest thing of fend his eye the whole place would at once be turned topsy turvy and the work of days, sometimes weeks, undone.

Thousands of pounds have been spent on decorations and each room especially done up with a view to the bric-a-brac which is eventually to adorn it, and even the millionaire will be staggered when the bills begin to come in.

Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., has returned to town, but has not yet been to see her father-in-law's treasure house, as no one will be admitted until he has seen it for himself.

CLEARED HIS CONSCIENCE.

Former Irwin Man Makes Restitution for Stolen Slippers.

Irwin Pa., May 9.—J. H. Over, a shoe dealer, has received a letter from a town in California inclosing a two-dollar bill. The letter reads as follows:

"Corinthians II, verses 1 and 2—'Having the promise, dearly beloved, let us cleanse our hands from all filthiness of flesh and spirit, perfecting holiness in fear of God.' Receive us, we wronged no man; we have defrauded no man, we have corrupted no man.'

"I took two pairs of slippers out of your store, valued at 50 cents each. I did not resist the influence. The spirit of the living God commands me to pay for them and tell you I stole them. This is the redemption price I have to pay."

The writer is a well-known former resident of this vicinity. He left here some time ago, but his whereabouts was not known until his letter was received.

PICKS KAISER'S POCKET.

Bold Sailor Desecrates the Person of the German Emperor.

Berlin, May 9.—The Neueste Nachrichten prints a letter from a member of the crew of the imperial yacht Hohenzollern describing the Easter day romp of Emperor William and the empress. After the sailors had received their Easter eggs and other presents they were all sent below, while their majesties hid oranges in the cabins and in various places around the deck, for which the sailors hunted.

"You have found all but two," said the emperor at length, and there was a fresh hunt. Finally one of the sailors saw the emperor's pocket bulge and reached his hand into it and took out an orange. The last missing orange was found in the empress' parasol.

MINISTERS WANT DELEGATE IN LABOR ORGANIZATION.

Ashtabula, O., May 9.—At a meeting of the Central Labor union in this city two representatives of the Ministerial union appeared and asked that their organization be allowed a delegate to the Central Labor union. It is understood the union voted against the proposition. However, it is said this action will be reconsidered. The ministers proposed to allow the labor organization a representative in their organization, the representative of neither to be entitled to vote.

William Tod's Will Filed.

Youngstown, O., May 9.—The will of the late William Tod has been filed for probate. It is said that the total amount of the estate will reach $500,000. Mrs. Tod receives a life interest in the estate and after her death it is divided between the sons, David and Frederick.

Race Across Continent in Auto.

New York, May 9.—Two automobiles have started from New York to race to Portland, Ore., for a cash prize of $1,000 offered by the National Good Roads association.

TWO FLEETS JOINED

Nebogatoff Effects Junction of His Division With That of Rojestvensky.

HAVE LEFT FRENCH WATERS

Constant Violation of Neutrality by France Has Stirred Both Japan and Great Britain—Togo Quietly Awaits Approaching Naval Engagement.

There are indications that French hospitality will not be taxed much longer by the Russian warships which have been hovering about the coast of Indo China for nearly a month. Official advices have reached St. Petersburg which are believed to indicate that the division under Vice Admiral Nebogatoff has effected a junction with the more powerful squadron commanded by Vice Admiral Roestvensky, and at the Russian capital it is expected that the combined squadrons will lose no time in steaming northward to encounter the Japanese.

Confirmation of St. Petersburg's expectation is afforded by an official dispatch to the French naval office announcing that the Russian squadron has left Konghai bay, its destination being unknown. The bay named is probably what is shown on some maps as Kanhhoa, or Nhatrang, which is a few miles south of Kouk-che bay, where the Russian ships were recently reported to be. Simultaneously Japanese warships are reported to be concentrating in the straits of Formosa, the scouting line being much extended.

There has been increasing feeling in Japanese official quarters regarding the way in which France has construed neutrality, and Great Britain's sympathy for her ally has been evidenced in communications that have passed between the British foreign secretary and the French ambassador in London, as well as between the British ambassador in Paris and Foreign Minister Delcasse.

Togo in the Korean Channel.

London, May 9.—The correspondent at Singapore of the Daily Mail telegraphs: "A private letter from influential friends at Tokio states that Vice Admiral Togo's fleet is concentrating in the Korean channel and that a portion of the Japanese navy is watching Vladivostok."

Paris, May 9.—An official dispatch was received here last night saying that the Russian Pacific squadron had left Konghai (Kanhhoa or Nhatrang) bay. This follows the efforts of the French authorities to keep the squadron moving. Its destination is not given.

The critical tone of the British press concerning France's alleged breaches of neutrality in Indo-China has brought out an emphatic general statement from the foreign office that the accusations are unfounded. An official said:

"It is universally known that the Japanese intelligence department is exceptionally efficient. Therefore if various specific breaches of neutrality really existed the Japanese government would have been aware of them and would have presented specific charges to the French government. No specific acts of violation of neutrality have yet been brought to our attention."

Czar Has News from Rojestvensky.

St. Petersburg, May 9.—According to dispatches to the admiralty brought to Saigon by the hospital ship Kostroma, the junction of Vice Admirals Rojestvensky and Nebogatoff is by this time an accomplished fact. The admiralty professes ignorance of the present location of the united squadrons but in view of the long and uninterrupted voyage of Nebogatoff's division it is believed his ships will spend some time in sheltered waters of the Chinese sea near the coast, but outside the three-mile limit, in order to complete final recoaling and other preparations before setting out on the last and crucial stage of the voyage.

WHY JAPANESE CONQUER.

German Emperor Explains It in Address to Cadets.

Berlin, May 9.—The Evangelische Kirchen Zeitung prints a report of Emperor William's remarks when swearing in the naval recruits at Wilhelmshaven, in which, according to the very brief report published at the time, he cited the Japanese as a luminous example of patriotism and soldierly fidelity. The Kirchen Zeitung's resume of the speech is as follows:

"The emperor referred to the heroic deeds of the Japanese and added that these are born of Japanese patriotism and love for children which in turn resulted in splendid discipline in the army and navy. One must not, however, draw the conclusion from Japanese victories—victories of a heathen over a Christian people—that Buddha is superior to our Lord Christ. The Russian defeat, in his opinion, was due to the fact that Russian Christianity was in a deplorable condition. The Japanese, on the other hand, could show many Christian virtues. A good Christian makes a good soldier. Among the German people, too, Christianity is in a sad condition, and he doubted whether we Germans, in case of war, would have the right to pray God for victory, to force it from him like Jacob wrestling with the angel. The Japanese are the scourge of God, like Attila and Napoleon. It devolves upon us to take care that God does not chastise us some day with such a scourge."

SHAFFER TO RETIRE.

President of Amalgamated Association Announces Decision.

Detroit, May 9.—After standing at the head of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers for eight years, President T. J. Shaffer of the association, which is in annual session here, will this year yield his place to a successor. This announcement was made to the convention by President Shaffer when he finished reading his annual report.

THEODORE SHAFFER.

The contest for the presidency of the association is said to have simmered down to a race between M. F. Tighe of Pittsburg, the assistant secretary of the association, and P. F. McArdle of Muncie, Ind., vice president of the fourth district. Walter Larkin of Wheeling, vice president of the second district, has also been mentioned.

The conclusion of President Shaffer's report was marked by a splendid burst of applause, showing that he had a strong following among the delegates, but he announced that he would under no circumstances accept a re-election.

Another development was the leaking out from convention circles of the report that the younger element among the delegates has decided to make a campaign at the present convention for a radical reorganization of the association. In this connection it is urged that there has been scarcely any change in the general outlines of the association since it was organized back in the 70s, while the steel companies with which the association has to deal have been undergoing a constant and radical change. It is urged that the many separate crafts included in the association should receive more individual recognition in the conduct of the association's affairs.

AUTOISTS SENT TO JAIL.

Pennsylvania Judge Gives Pair of Them Salutary Lesson.

Lancaster, Pa., May 9.—A sentence of unusual severity for a simple assault and battery charge was imposed in court by Judge Hassler on Jacob D. Rider, a well-known Lancaster printer and publisher, and W. H. Ruffcead, mining stock broker.

The prosecutor was Roland Greiner, a gatekeeper at the New Holland turnpike, and the evidence showed that the accused, who were riding in an automobile, attempted to pass the toll-gate without paying toll. In the attempt to prevent this Greiner and his wife were assaulted and the latter injured.

The court imposed a fine of $200 each and sentenced the accused to jail for 10 days. An appeal will be taken to the superior court. This is the first case in which the court of Lancaster county has acted against violators of the auto laws.

TO CONDUCT REVIVAL.

Mitchell Will Urge Backsliding Miners to Rejoin the Union.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 9.—John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers, is expected to arrive in the anthracite region on Sunday next and will remain for a period of three months. It is expected that he will deliver an address in almost every city and town in the region.

His mission is to urge the miners to retain their membership in the various organizations and to urge all delinquent members to rejoin the union.

BALLOT REFORM BEATEN IN STATE SUPREME COURT.

Philadelphia, May 9.—The supreme court, with two justices dissenting, has affirmed the validity of the Pennsylvania ballot law of 1903. The decision is a defeat for the state ballot reform association. The latter organization brought the law to the attention of the courts on the ground that the grouping of candidates and the placing of the party square on the ballot was illegal.

Offices to Be Moved to Sharon.

Alliance, O., May 9.—Announcement is made here that the district offices of the American Steel Foundry company are to be moved from this city Jun 1 to Sharon, Pa. District Manager Harry Wright and his clerical force located here last October. The plants are located at Sharon, Pittsburg and Franklin, Pa., and Alliance. The Sharon works are the most centrally located and are being enlarged.

Three Mountain Climbers Perish.

Vienna, May 9.—Profs. Von Glanvell and Petritsch of Graz university and an official named Stopper were killed by an avalanche while they were climbing the Foelszstein, in the Hochschwab group of the Styrian alps. The bodies have been recovered.

NO LIBERTY FOR NAN

District Attorney Jerome Resentful of the Counsel of Newspapers.

WILL HOLD HER ANOTHER WEEK

Or as Much Longer as Possible—In the Meantime Girl He Could Not Convict of Murder Must Remain in Dismal Cell in Tombs.

New York, May 9.—Nan Patterson's future is still uncertain. Bail has been provided for her, but District Attorney Jerome has not yet decided what action he will take in her case.

After a long conference with Mr. Jerome and his assistant, Mr. Rand, Miss Patterson's counsel was compelled to bear to the girl in the Tombs the disappointing news that she may have to remain in prison for at least a week longer. The prisoner bore the announcement with fortitude, although she had been led to believe that she might be granted her freedom either today or tomorrow.

At least two bondsmen are said to be ready to give bail in any reasonable amount and counsel for Miss Patterson say the surety will be provided without delay as soon as the district attorney expresses a willingness to accept it.

Mr. Jerome issued the following statement in reference to the case of the people against Nan Patterson: "I am unwilling to make any statement other than this. My information in regard to the case presents a serious question for my decision and one which I must decide myself and not permit newspapers to decide for me. I have not yet decided it."

Abraham Levy, Miss Patterson's counsel, said after the conference: "I have talked with Mr. Jerome and Mr. Rand. Mr. Jerome promised that he would take up the matter at the earliest possible moment and give it his fullest attention. He will then let us know what his course will be. I am bound, until he disposes of the matter, to take no further action and will not make any move until that time. Mr. Jerome has now to decide whether to admit her to bail; discharge her on her own recognizance; dismiss the indictment against her, or again place her on trial. I have no doubt that Mr. Jerome will speedily decide."

WAGE SYSTEM UNJUST.

Wealth Created by Other Men Builds Carnegie Libraries.

Boston, May 9.—"Tank of the thousands upon thousands who sweat and toil in the darkness and the grind and the blazing heat of the mines and the furnaces of Pennsylvania for Mr. Carnegie to build libraries out of the result of their toil and to eat his bread in the sweat of other men's faces. For my own part I'd rather not read books that are paid for in that way."

This statement was made by the Rev. William H. Van Allen in a sermon at the Church of the Advent, in which he denounced the wage system as a species of slavery, declaring it to be inconsistent with the teachings of the gospel, responsible for all the social evils and prophesying its eventual abolition.

He said that labor should be "under an order of society which shall know no hirelings and where men shall work together for the common good, as fellow heirs of a common inheritance."

The sermon had particular reference to the convention of the church for the advancement of the interests of labor, which was organized 18 years ago.

FULL PARDON REFUSED.

British Obstinacy Exemplified in Case of Mrs. Maybrick.

Washington, May 9.—Ambassador Choate has cabled the state department that the British foreign office has refused to grant any further clemency to Mrs. Florence E. Maybrick, who recently made application through the state department at Washington for a complete pardon.

It appears that Mrs. Maybrick was not granted a complete pardon, but was released from imprisonment upon certain conditions, and she still is technically under sentence. Her testimony is regarded as very necessary in the prosecution of a civil action of her mother, the Baroness von Roques, to recover a sum of money on account of a land transaction which is now pending, and it was to make her eligible as a witness that an application was made to the British government through the state department to grant a full pardon.

MITE NOW MILLIONS.

Factory Hands Notified of Immense Fortune in England.

Bridgeport, Conn., May 9.—Notification of heirship in a vast estate of the late Captain Samuel Allen, a whaling master, has been received from the English court of chancery by David Allen of Stratford and Charles Allen and Mrs. Frank K. Rogers of Bridgeport.

David and Charles Allen are factory employes. They say there are a score of other heirs in Connecticut. According to their information money deposited by Captain Allen in the Bank of England in 1742 now amounts to several million pounds. A headstone in a Bridgeport cemetery reading "Captain Samuel Allen, lost at sea," is said to mark the grave of a man whose estate has been so long without a claimant in England.

Timely and Valuable Suggestions.

Many people, especially women who lead closely confined domestic lives, suffer from what in general terms is called "nervousness." Among all forms of treatment none has even approached in success the intelligent use of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y., which promotes an easy and natural action of the digestive organs and imparts tone to the nervous system.

SEEING AMERICA.

Wonderful Scenic Trip Across the Rocky Mountains to Oregon Exposition.

In certain respects the excursions to the Lewis and Clark Centennial Exposition, Portland, Oregon, via Pennsylvania Lines, beginning May 23d and continuing through the summer, offer advantages never before presented to Exposition visitors. The trip to the Oregon Exposition, in addition to the attractiveness of the extensive exhibits, includes the journey through the scenic wonderland of the Rocky Mountains and the Cascade Range, and what American has not looked forward from the days of the geography class in school to the time when those great sights should be seen in reality? The time was never so favorable as now. The trip may be made less expensively than ever. For only a slight difference in fare tourists may extend their trip to San Francisco and Los Angeles. The return trip may be made over a different route, enabling travelers to view much more of the west. For full particulars, fares, dates of special excursions to Portland on account of conventions, through time and passenger service apply to ticket agents of Pennsylvania Lines.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

G. A. R. Excursions to Washington Court House, Ohio, June 5th, 6th and 7th

Over Pennsylvania lines account State Encampment from points in Ohio. Get particulars from ticket agents of Pennsylvania lines.

Low Fares to the South—Excursions to Atlanta, Ga., via Pennsylvania Lines

Account National Association of Manufacturers' meeting. Excursion tickets on sale May 15th. Stop-over at Chattanooga, permitting visits to famous battlefields. Side trips at special excursion fares from Atlanta to all points in the South, east of the Mississippi, and to Cuba. Ask ticket agents of Pennsylvania lines for further information, including extension of return limit.

A GUARANTEED CURE For PILES

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Druggists refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case, no matter of how long standing, in 6 to 14 days. First application gives ease and rest. 50c. If your druggist hasn't it send 50c in stamps and it will be forwarded post-paid by Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

MASSILLON MARKET.

The following are the retail prices today in Massillon. This report is corrected daily:

Country butter, per lb	30-32
Creamery butter	34
Eggs, per dozen	18
Chickens spring, lb	18
Cabbage, per pound	2½
New Cabbage, per lb	8
Lettuce, per lb	18
Onions, per peck	65
Potatoes, per bushel	45
Jersey Sweet Potatoes per peck	60

Dealers Pay for Country Produce:

Country butter, per lb	25-26
Eggs, per dozen	15
Chickens, live per lb	12
Chickens, spring, dressed lb	15
Chickens, dressed	12
Cabbage, per doz	50
Potatoes, per bushel	30

GRAIN MARKETS.

Following are the paying prices.

Wheat	95
Oats	32-33
Corn	55

Following are the selling prices.

Hay, baled, per hundred	70
Straw, per hundred	55
Shelled corn, per bushel	70
Oats, per bushel	40
Corn	70
Hay, loose, per ton	$10-$11

Notice is hereby given that a teachers' examination for the Massillon city school district will be held at the North street school building on Friday and Saturday, May 19 and 20, beginning at 1 o'clock p. m., Friday, May 19. By order of the Board of Examiners.

C. L. CRONEBAUGH, Clerk.

The Lucky Day, April 12.

The greatest event in the mercantile business in Canton was the interesting lucky day sale of the Klein & Heffelman Company, of Canton, O. Over $900 worth of merchandise was given away free to all who purchased on that day.

Bi-bi is coming. Armory 25 and 26.

Sheriff's Sale.

The State of Ohio, Stark County, ss.

Union Building and Loan Company vs. Charles M. Wilford et al. } Order of Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed I will offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the Court House, in the City of Canton, on

Saturday, June 3, 1905,

the following described real estate, to-wit:

Situate in City of Massillon and known as Lot Number Twenty-Seven (27) of Philip Wendling addition to said city, and now known as Lot Number 2,398 in said city.

House number Four Hundred and Fifty-Nine West Main street, in said city.

Appraised at One Thousand ($1,000.00) Dollars.

Terms cash.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

FRANK McKINNEY, Sheriff.

O. C. VOLKMOR, Attorney.

Western University of Penna.

Offers thorough courses of instruction in the Arts; Literature; Chemistry; Civil, Mechanical, Electrical, and Mining Engineering; Medicine; Law; Dentistry and Pharmacy.

For Catalogues address

S. B. McCORMICK, Chancellor, Pittsburg, Pa.

PILES Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. By druggists, by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and $1.00. WILLIAMS MANUFACTURING CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio.

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